# GREENSTAR CDi

## WALL HUNG RSF GAS-FIRED CONDENSING COMBINATION BOILER

FOR SEALED CENTRAL HEATING SYSTEMS AND MAINS FED DOMESTIC HOT WATER


6 720 611 927-00.1O

THE APPLIANCE IS FOR USE WITH
NATURAL GAS OR L.P.G. (Cat II 2H3P TYPE C13 & C33)

NATURAL GAS:

WORCESTER GREENSTAR 27CDi GC NUMBER 47-406-12
WORCESTER GREENSTAR 30CDi GC NUMBER 47-406-14
WORCESTER GREENSTAR 37CDi GC NUMBER 47-406-08
WORCESTER GREENSTAR 42CDi GC NUMBER 47-406-10

LIQUID PETROLEUM GAS:

WORCESTER GREENSTAR 27CDi GC NUMBER 47-406-13
WORCESTER GREENSTAR 30CDi GC NUMBER 47-406-15
WORCESTER GREENSTAR 37CDi GC NUMBER 47-406-09
WORCESTER GREENSTAR 42CDi GC NUMBER 47-406-11

GB/IE

# INSTRUCTION MANUAL

## INSTALLATION, COMMISSIONING & SERVICING

benchmark

WORCESTER
Bosch Group

## CONTACT INFORMATION

WORCESTER BOSCH:

| | |
|---|---|
| TECHNICAL: | 08705 266241 |
| SERVICE: | 08457 256206 |
| SPARES: | 01905 752571 |
| LITERATURE: | 01905 752556 |
| TRAINING: | 01905 752526 |
| SALES: | 01905 752640 |
| WEBSITE: | www.worcester-bosch.co.uk |

WATER TREATMENT:

FERNOX 01799 550811
www.fernox.com

SENTINEL 0151 420 9595
www.betzdearborn.com/sentinel

FLUE TERMINAL GUARD:

TOWER FLUE COMPONENTS
VALE RISE
TONBRIDGE
TN9 1TB

**STORE THE APPLIANCE IN A DRY AREA PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.**

LIFTING AND CARRYING PRECAUTIONS:
- Lift only a manageable weight, or ask for help.
- When lifting the boiler, bend the knees, and keep the back straight and feet apart.
- Do not lift and twist at the same time.
- Lift and carry the boiler close to the body
- Wear protective clothing and gloves to protect from any sharp edges

## INSTALLATION & SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS

**PLEASE READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE STARTING INSTALLATION.**

THESE INSTRUCTIONS ARE APPLICABLE TO THE WORCESTER BOSCH APPLIANCE MODEL(S) STATED ON THE FRONT COVER OF THIS MANUAL ONLY AND MUST NOT BE USED WITH ANY OTHER MAKE OR MODEL OF APPLIANCE.

THE INSTRUCTIONS APPLY IN THE UK ONLY AND MUST BE FOLLOWED EXCEPT FOR ANY STATUTORY OBLIGATION.

THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE INSTALLED BY A COMPETENT PERSON. FAILURE TO INSTALL CORRECTLY COULD LEAD TO PROSECUTION.

IF YOU ARE IN **ANY DOUBT** CONTACT WORCESTER BOSCH TECHNICAL HELPLINE.

DISTANCE LEARNING AND TRAINING COURSES ARE AVAILABLE FROM WORCESTER BOSCH.

**PLEASE LEAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS, THE USER GUIDE AND THE COMPLETED BENCHMARK LOG BOOK OR A CERTIFICATE CONFIRMING COMPLIANCE WITH IS 813 (EIRE ONLY) WITH THE USER OR AT THE GAS METER AFTER INSTALLATION OR SERVICING.**

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS MANUAL:

| | |
|---|---|
| Ø | Diameter |
| NG | Natural Gas |
| LPG | Liquid Petroleum Gas |
| CH | Central Heating |
| DHW | Domestic Hot Water |
| IP | Ingress Protection |

SEDBUK Seasonal Efficiency of Domestic Boilers in the United Kingdom

**SYMBOLS USED IN THIS MANUAL:**

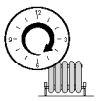

Domestic hot water


Central heating

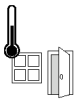

Cold water main supply


Electricity supply


Gas supply


Time clock C H only


Programmer/timer


Room thermostat


Wait time period

# CONTENTS

## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### IF YOU SMELL GAS:

✖ **DON'T** SMOKE OR STRIKE MATCHES
✖ **DON'T** TURN ELECTRICAL SWITCHES ON OR OFF

✔ **DO** PUT OUT NAKED FLAMES
✔ **DO** OPEN DOORS AND WINDOWS
✔ **DO** KEEP PEOPLE AWAY FROM THE AREA AFFECTED
✔ **DO** TURN OFF THE CONTROL VALVE AT THE METER

✔ TELEPHONE THE NATIONAL GAS EMERGENCY SERVICE ON 0800 111999

benchmark

A Benchmark Log Book is provided by the manufacturer for the installer to complete including their **CORGI** registration number to confirm that the boiler has been installed, commissioned and serviced according to the manufacturer's instructions.

**IMPORTANT:** The completed Benchmark Checklist will be required in the event of any warranty work and may be required by the local Building Control Inspector.

### HEALTH & SAFETY

The appliance contains no asbestos and no substances have been used in the construction process that contravene the COSHH Regulations (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 1988).

### COMBUSTIBLE AND CORROSIVE MATERIALS

Do not store or use any combustible materials (paper, thinners, paints etc.) inside or within the vicinity of the appliance.

Chemically aggressive substances, such as halogenated hydrocarbons containing chlorine or fluorine compounds can corrode the appliance and invalidate any warranty.

### FITTING & MODIFICATIONS

Fitting the appliance and any controls to the appliance may only be carried out by a competent engineer in accordance with the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998.

Flue systems must not be modified in any way other than as described in the fitting instructions. Any misuse or unauthorised modifications to the appliance, flue or associated components and systems could invalidate the warranty. The manufacturer accepts no liability arising from any such actions, excluding statutory rights.

### SERVICING

Advise the user to have the system serviced annually by a competent, qualified engineer (such as British Gas or CORGI registered personnel) using approved spares, to help maintain the economy, safety and reliability of the appliance.

**IMPORTANT - The service engineer must complete the Service Record in the Benchmark section after each service**.

## INSTALLATION REGULATIONS

Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations: All gas appliances must be installed by a competent person in accordance with the above regulations. Failure to install appliances correctly could lead to prosecution.

The appliance must be installed in accordance with, and comply to, the current: Gas Safety Regulations, IEE Regulations, Building Regulations, Building Standards (Scotland) (Consolidation), Building Regulations (Northern Ireland), local water by-laws, Health & Safety Document 635 (The Electricity at Work Regulations 1989) and any other local requirements.

British Standards:
The relevant British Standards should be followed, including:
BS7074:1 : Code of practice for domestic and hot water supply
BS6891 : Installation of low pressure gas pipework up to 28mm (R1)
BS5546 : Installation of gas hot water supplies for domestic purposes
EN:12828 : Central heating for domestic premises
BS5440:1 : Flues and ventilation for gas appliances of rated heating not exceeding 70kW (net) : Flues
BS5440:2 : Flues and ventilation for gas appliances of rated heating not exceeding 70kW (net) : Air Supply
BS7593 : Treatment of water in domestic hot water central heating systems
BS 6798 : Installation of gas fired boilers of rated input up to 70kW (net)
Where no specific instruction is given, reference should be made to the relevant British Standard codes of Practice.

L.P.G. Installation:
An appliance using L.P.G. must not be installed in a room or internal space below ground level unless one side of the building is open to the ground.

Timber framed buildings:
Where the boiler is to be fitted to a timber framed building the guidelines laid down in BS5440: Part 1 and IGE "Gas Installations in Timber Frame Buildings" should be adhered to.

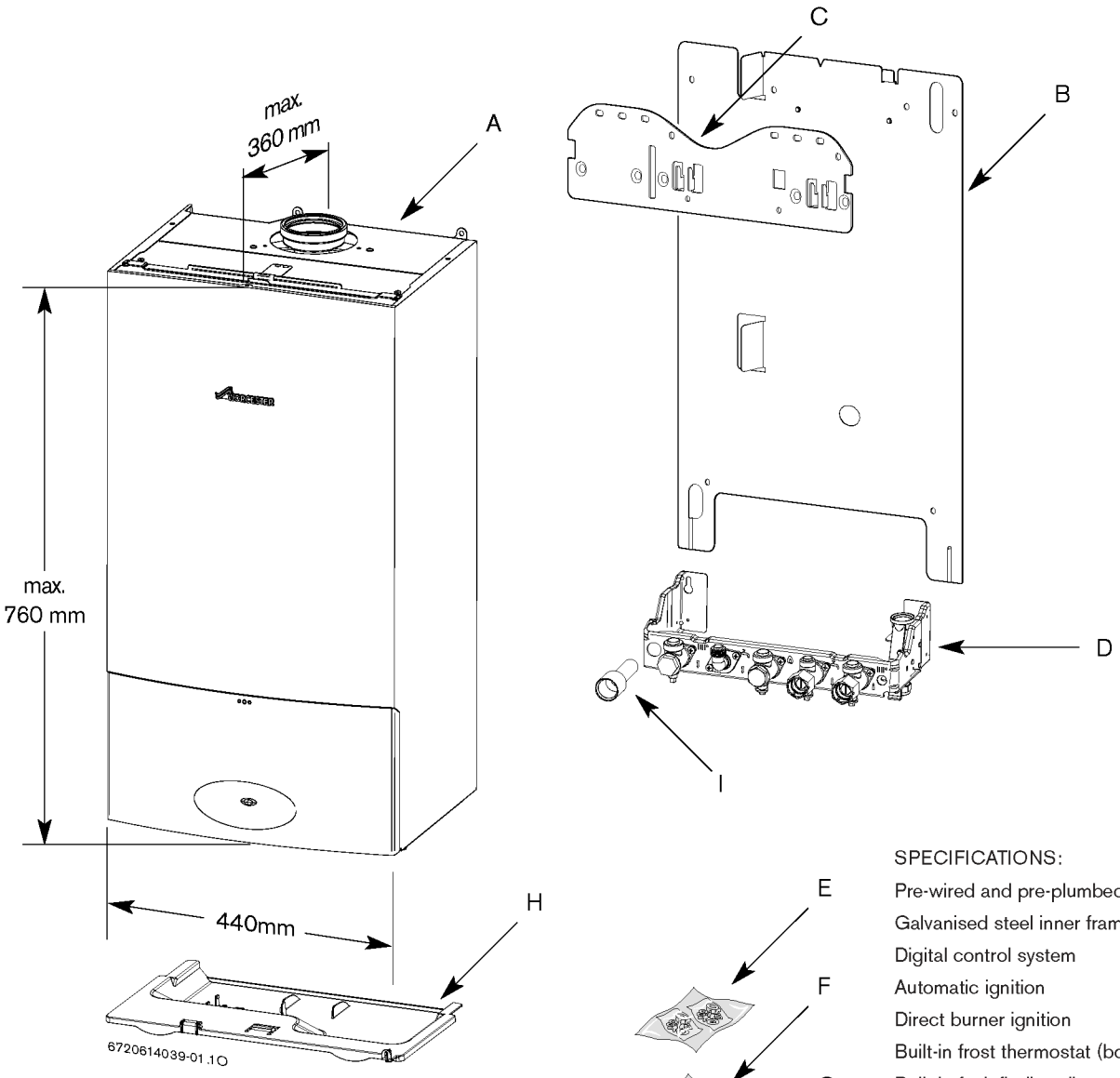
Potable water:
All seals, joints and compounds (including flux and solder) and components used as part of the secondary domestic water system must be approved by WRAS.

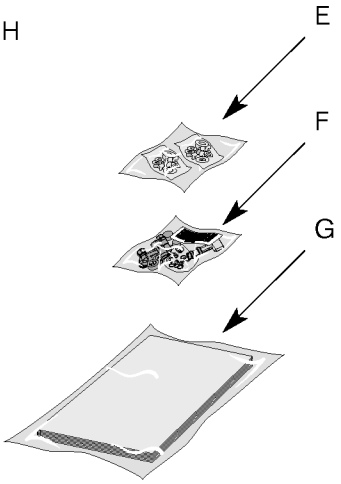
CH water:
Artificially softened water must not be used to fill the central heating system.

STANDARD PACKAGE:

A - Wall hung gas fired condensing combi boiler for central heating and domestic hot water
B - Wall mounting plate
C - Hanging bracket
D - Pre-plumbing manifold
E - Hardware pack
F - Charging Link Assembly
G - Literature pack
H - Bottom panel
I - Trap / Syphon Outlet Connection (22 mm Plastic Pipe)





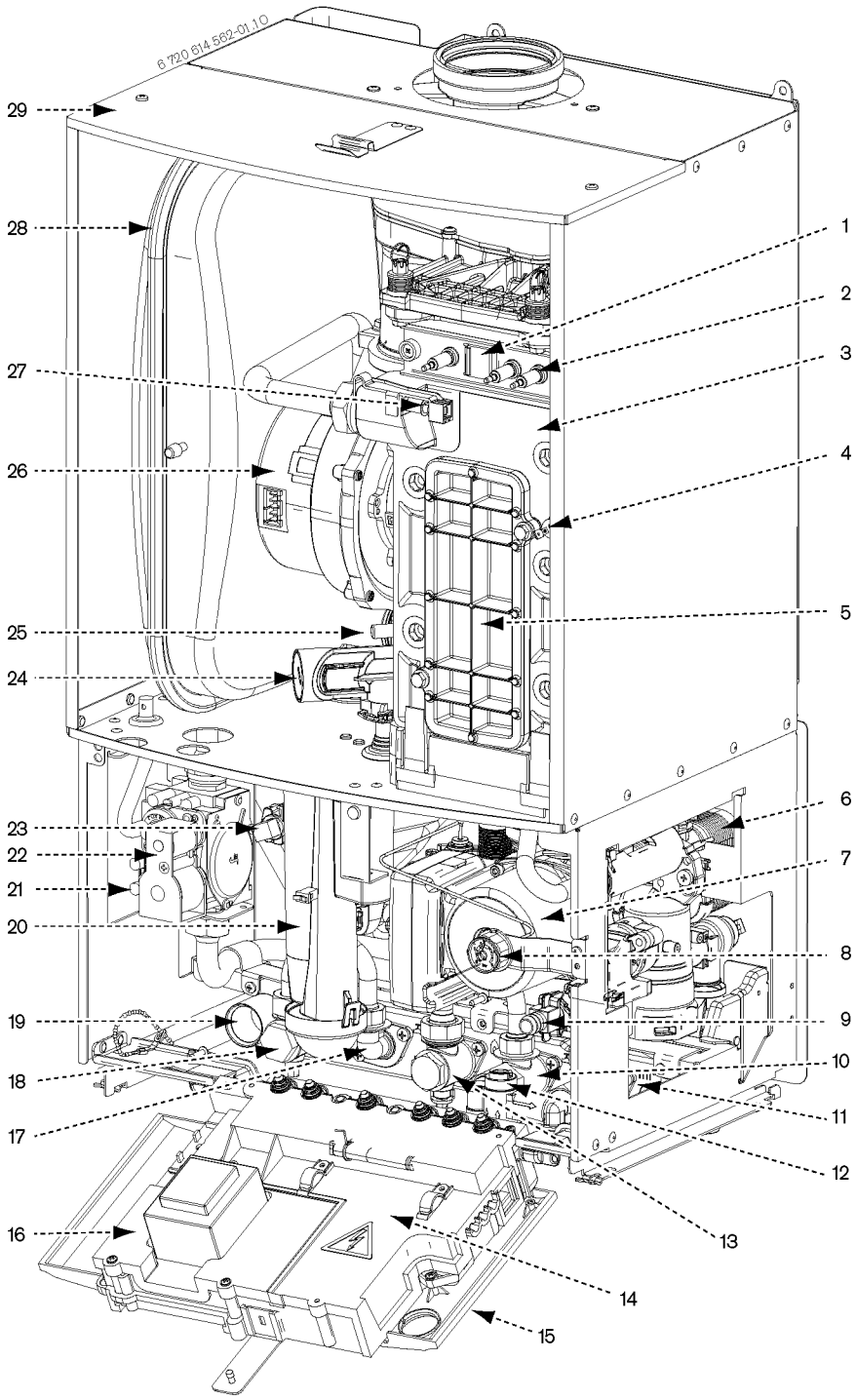

SPECIFICATIONS:

Pre-wired and pre-plumbed
Galvanised steel inner frame
Digital control system
Automatic ignition
Direct burner ignition
Built-in frost thermostat (boiler protection)
Built-in fault finding diagnostics
Modulating automatic gas valve
Combustion air fan with speed regulator
CH temperature sensor & control
Pump anti-seizure protection
Flue gas temperature limiter
Condensate trap & syphon
DHW flow sensor & temperature control
Plate type DHW heat exchanger
Modulating circulating pump

| DESCRIPTION | UNITS | NATURAL GAS | | | | L.P.G. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | 27CDi | 30CDi | 37CDi | 42CDi | 27CDi | 30CDi | 37CDi | 42CDi |
| **Domestic hot water** | | | | | | | | | |
| Min. heat input | kW | 8.0 | 8.0 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 14.5 | 14.5 |
| Max. rated heat output | kW | 27.0 | 32.0 | 37.0 | 42.0 | 27.0 | 32.0 | 37.0 | 42.0 |
| Max. rated heat input | kW | 27.0 | 32.0 | 37.0 | 42.0 | 27.0 | 32.0 | 37.0 | 42.0 |
| Max. mains inlet pressure | bar | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Min. mains inlet pressure (working) for max flow | bar | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.9 |
| Min. mains inlet pressure (working) for operation | bar | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Domestic Hot Water temperature range | °C | 40-60 | 40-60 | 40-60 | 40-60 | 40-60 | 40-60 | 40-60 | 40-60 |
| Domestic Hot Water specific rate - 30°C rise | l/min | 12.9 | 14.5 | 16.9 | 18.2 | 12.9 | 14.5 | 16.9 | 18.2 |
| Max. Domestic Hot Water flow rate - 40°C rise +/— 15% | l/min | 9 | 11 | 13 | 15 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 15 |
| **Central Heating** | | | | | | | | | |
| Max. rated heat input | kW | 27.0 | 30.9 | 30.9 | 30.9 | 27.0 | 30.9 | 30.9 | 30.9 |
| Max. rated heat output net 40/30°C | kW | 28.1 | 32.1 | 32.1 | 32.1 | 28.1 | 32.1 | 32.1 | 32.1 |
| Max. rated heat output net 50/30°C | kW | 27.8 | 31.8 | 31.8 | 31.8 | 27.8 | 31.8 | 31.8 | 31.8 |
| Max. rated heat output net 80/60°C | kW | 26.2 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 26.2 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| Min. rated heat output net 40/30°C | kW | 8.6 | 8.6 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 12.4 | 12.4 | 15.7 | 15.7 |
| Min. rated heat output net 50/30°C | kW | 8.6 | 8.6 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 15.5 | 15.5 |
| Min. rated heat output net 80/60°C | kW | 7.7 | 7.7 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 11,0 | 11.0 | 13.9 | 13.9 |
| Min. rated heat input net | kW | 8.0 | 8.0 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 14.5 | 14.5 |
| Max. flow temperature | °C | nom. 90 | nom. 90 | nom. 90 | nom. 90 | nom. 90 | nom. 90 | nom. 90 | nom. 90 |
| Max. permissible operating pressure | bar | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Available pump head at 21°C system temperature rise | m | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| **Gas flow rate - Max. 10 minutes from lighting** | | | | | | | | | |
| Natural Gas G20 | $m^3/h$ | 2.8 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.4 | - | - | - | - |
| Propane Gas (LPG) | kg/h | - | - | - | - | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| **Flue** | | | | | | | | | |
| Flue Gas Temp. 80/60°C, rated min. load | °C | 68/56 | 78/58 | 83/58 | 87/58 | 68/56 | 78/58 | 83/58 | 87/58 |
| Flue Gas Temp. 40/30°C, rated min. load | °C | 52/33 | 56/33 | 60/35 | 66/35 | 52/33 | 56/33 | 60/35 | 66/35 |
| $CO_2$ level at max. rated heat output | % | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 |
| $CO_2$ level at min. rated heat output | % | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 |
| NOx - class | | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| **Condensate** | | | | | | | | | |
| Max. condensation rate | l/h | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| pH value, approx. | | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| **Electrical** | | | | | | | | | |
| Electrical power supply voltage | AC...V | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 | 230 |
| Frequency | Hz | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Max. power consumption | W | 141 | 150 | 160 | 175 | 141 | 150 | 160 | 175 |
| **General Data** | | | | | | | | | |
| SEDBUK | band | A | A | A | A | A | A | A | A |
| Appliance protection rating | IP | X4D | X4D | X4D | X4D | X4D | X4D | X4D | X4D |
| Appliance protection rating with mechanical or RF mech. timer fitted | IP | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Permissible ambient temperatures | °C | 0-50 | 0-50 | 0-50 | 0-50 | 0-50 | 0-50 | 0-50 | 0-50 |
| Nominal capacity of appliance | l | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.75 |
| Noise output level (at DHW inlet pressure 3 bar) | dB(A) | 42 | 44 | 45 | 47 | 42 | 44 | 45 | 47 |
| Total boiler weight (lift weight) | kg | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 48.5 |
| Packaged boiler weight | kg | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 |
| SEDBUK | % | 90.1 | 90.1 | 90.1 | 90.1 | 90.3 | 90.1 | 90.1 | 90.1 |

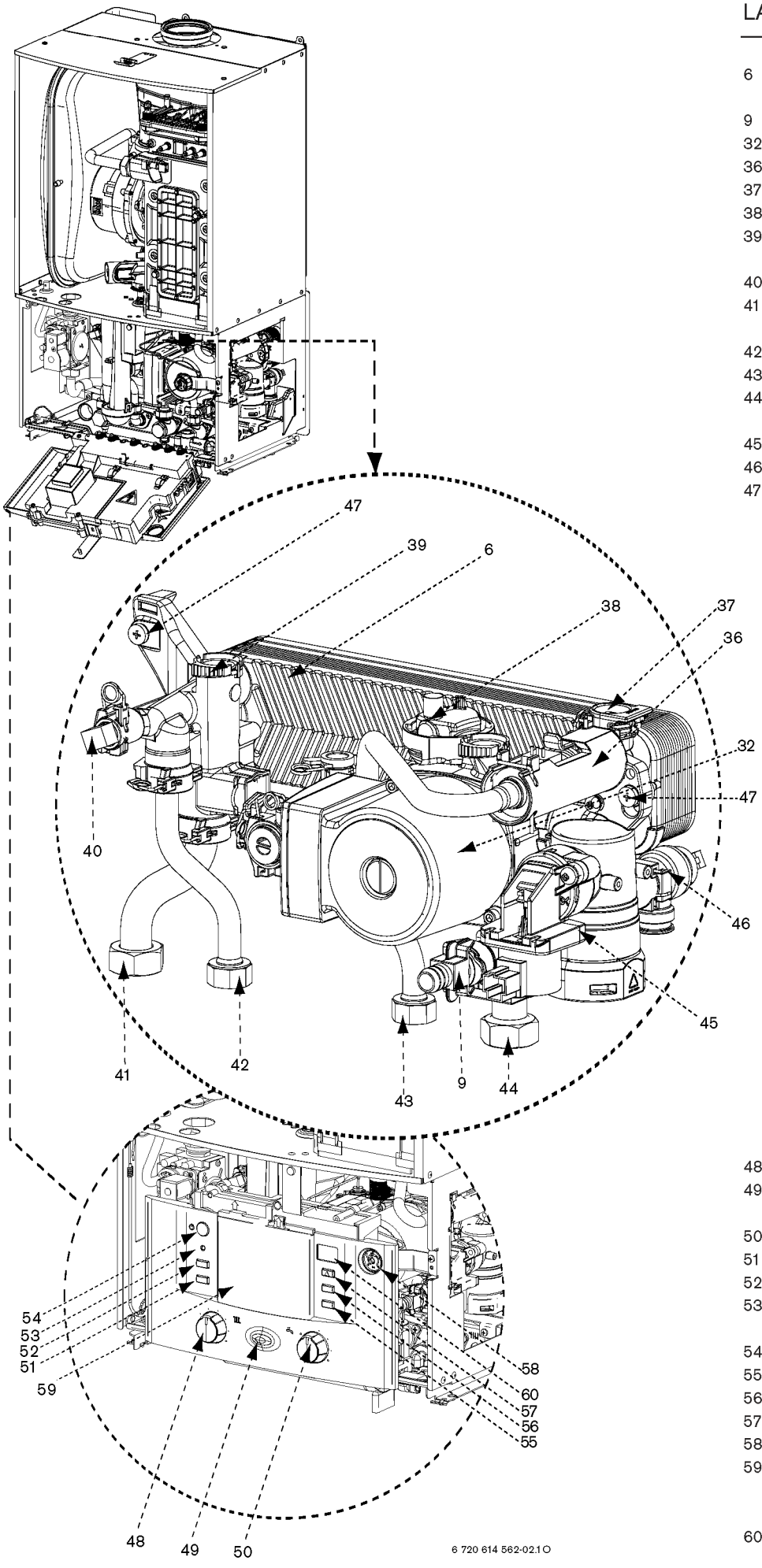
## LAYOUT & COMPONENTS

The diagram opposite shows the controls in the servicing position and excludes the outer case.




1 FLAME VIEWING WINDOW
2 IGNITION ELECTRODE AND FLAME SENSE ELECTRODE
3 HEAT EXCHANGER
4 OVERHEAT THERMOSTAT
5 ACCESS POINT FOR CLEANING HEAT EXCHANGER
6 PLATE TO PLATE DHW HEAT EXCHANGER
7 PUMP
8 SYSTEM PRESSURE GAUGE
9 DRAIN POINT
10 MAINS COLD WATER IN
11 CH RETURN
12 CHARGING LINK ASSEMBLY
13 GAS INLET CONNECTION 22 mm COMPRESSION
14 COVER FOR EXTERNAL WIRING CONNECTIONS
15 CONTROL PANEL IN SERVICE POSITION
16 ACCESS COVER FOR TRANSFORMER & PCB
17 DHW OUT
18 CH FLOW
19 TRAP / SYPHON OUTLET CONNECTION (22 mm PLASTIC PIPE)
20 TRAP / SYPHON
21 INLET PRESSURE TEST POINT
22 GAS VALVE
23 DHW TEMPERATURE SENSOR
24 AIR / GAS ADJUSTMENT SCREW
25 TESTING POINT FOR FAN PRESSURE
26 FAN
27 PRIMARY SENSOR
28 EXPANSION VESSEL
29 REMOVABLE TOP CASE PANEL FOR SERVICING

## LAYOUT & COMPONENTS

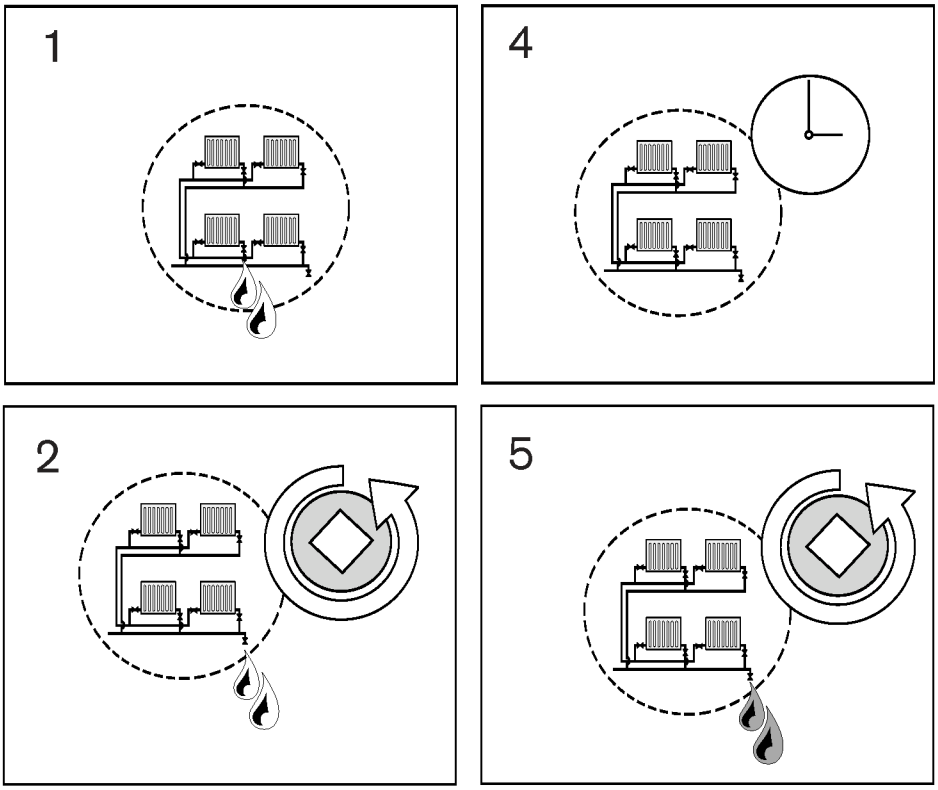



6 PLATE TO PLATE DHW HEAT EXCHANGER
9 DRAIN POINT
32 SYSTEM PUMP
36 FLOW TURBINE
37 UNUSED PORT
38 AUTO AIR VENT
39 FLOW CONNECTION FROM BOILER HEAT EXCHANGER
40 DHW SENSOR
41 CH FLOW CONNECTION TO SERVICE VALVE
42 DHW OUT CONNECTION
43 COLD WATER IN CONNECTION
44 CH RETURN CONNECTION TO SERVICE VALVE
45 DIVERTER VALVE
46 PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE
47 COMPACT HYDRAULIC MOUNTING SCREW (2) TO BOILER

48 CH TEMPERATURE CONTROL
49 MAINS ON/OFF INDICATOR/DIAGNOSTIC LIGHT (BLUE)
50 DHW TEMPERATURE CONTROL
51 CENTRAL HEATING BOOST BUTTON
52 SERVICE BUTTON
53 BURNER ON INDICATOR LIGHT (GREEN)
54 MASTER SWITCH ON/OFF
55 HOLIDAY BUTTON
56 ECO BUTTON
57 FAULT RESET BUTTON
58 SYSTEM PRESSURE GAUGE
59 POSITION FOR OPTIONAL TEXT DISPLAY WITH INTELLIGENT FUNCTIONALITY OR TIMER
60 DISPLAY

**IMPORTANT: All the following Pre-Installation sections must be read and requirements met before starting boiler or flue installation.**

CAUTION: ISOLATE THE MAINS SUPPLIES BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK AND OBSERVE ALL RELEVANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS.




KEY

Valve

F Flushing Agent

**IMPORTANT: Debris from the system can damage the boiler and reduce efficiency. Failure to comply with the guidelines for the use of water treatment with the appliance will invalidate the appliance warranty.**

BEFORE CLEANING THE SYSTEM:

ENSURE THE SYSTEM AND PIPEWORK IS IN GOOD WORKING ORDER

KEEP THE EXISTING BOILER/ CIRCULATING PUMP WHERE POSSIBLE OR USE A POWER FLUSHING MACHINE TO AID THE CLEANSING PROCEDURE BEFORE INSTALLING A NEW BOILER.

CLEANING THE PRIMARY SYSTEM:

1 Fill the system with cold water and check for leaks.
2 Open all drain cocks and drain the system.
3 Close drain cocks and add a suitable flushing agent at the correct strength for the system condition in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- Circulate the flushing agent before the boiler is fired up.

4 Run the boiler/system at normal operating temperature as directed by the manufacturer of the flushing agent.
5 Drain and thoroughly flush the system to remove the flushing agent and debris.

## MAINS SUPPLIES

ELECTRIC SUPPLY:

- Supply: 230V - 50Hz
  (See Technical Data for IP ratings.)
- Cable: PVC insulated 0.75mm$^2$
  (24 x 0.2mm) temperature rated to 90°C.
- External 3A fuse to BS1362.
- The appliance must be earthed.
- All pipes to the boiler must be cross-bonded.
- Wiring must comply with IEE wiring regulations and any local regulations which may apply to fixed wiring to a stationary appliance.

GAS SUPPLY:

- Boilers using NG must be connected to a governed meter.
- LPG boilers must be connected to a regulator.
- Installation and connection of the gas supply to the boiler must be in accordance with BS6891.
- Under no circumstances should the size of the gas supply pipe be less than that of the appliance inlet connection.
- The meter or regulator and pipework to the meter must be checked, preferably by the gas supplier, to ensure it is in good working order and can meet the gas flow and pressure requirements in addition to the demand from any other appliance being served. This does not include the pipework from the meter to the boiler.
- For olive connections we recommend using gas pipes with minimum 0.9 mm wall thickness.

WATER SUPPLY:

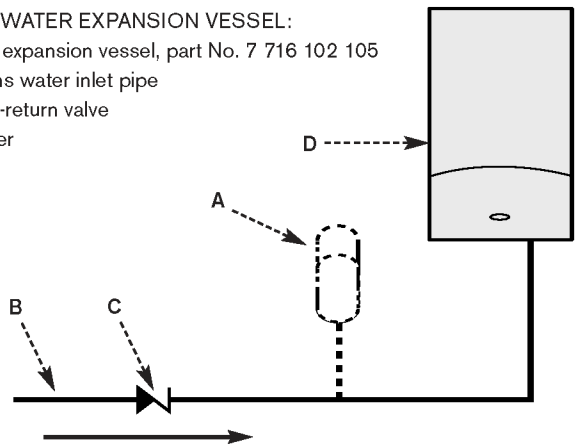
Water Mains Pressure:

- Minimum mains water pressure 1.5 up to 2.5 bar (see technical data on page 6) for maximum performance.
- Maximum mains fed water pressure 10 bar. If necessary, fit a pressure reducing valve.

**IMPORTANT: Non-return, back flow prevention devices (including those associated with water meters) fitted to the mains water supply can cause a pressure build up which could damage the boiler and other household appliances.**

MAINS WATER EXPANSION VESSEL:

A - Mini expansion vessel, part No. 7 716 102 105
B - Mains water inlet pipe
C - Non-return valve
D - Boiler




- Where the mains water supply has a non-return, back flow prevention valve fitted, a mini expansion vessel (A) should be connected to the mains water inlet pipe (B) between the non-return valve (C) and the boiler (D) as shown opposite.

**Use in hard water areas:**

**Normally there is no need for water treatment to prevent scale formation as the maximum temperature of the DHW heat exchanger is limited by the electronic control circuit.**

**In areas where the temporary water hardness exceeds 200 ppm, consideration may need to be given to the fitting of a scale prevention device. In such circumstances, the advice of the local water authority should be sought.**

PLASTIC PIPEWORK:

- Any plastic pipework must have a polymeric barrier with 600 mm (minimum) length of copper or steel pipe connected to the boiler.
- Plastic pipework used for underfloor heating must be correctly controlled with a thermostatic blending valve limiting the temperature of the circuits to approx. 50°C.
  The pipework from the boiler to the blending valve must be in copper or steel (protected from corrosion).

CONNECTIONS/VALVES:

- All system connections, taps and mixing valves must be capable of sustaining a pressure up to 3 bar.
- Radiator valves should conform to BS2767:10.
- All other valves should conform to BS1010.
- On new installations, or extensions to existing systems where a radiator previously did not exist, each radiator should be fitted with a TRV, except the one fitted in the same room/area as the room thermostat.
- On boiler only replacement jobs, it is recommended, (but not mandatory,) to fit a TRV on each radiator. It is, however, a requirement, for energy conservation purposes, to recommend to the customer that a TRV is fitted to each radiator.
- An automatic bypass may be required, (downstream of the pump), in order to maintain the minimum flow-rate through the appliance.
- A drain cock is required at the lowest point on the system.
- An air vent is required at the highest point on the system.

SHOWERS/BIDETS

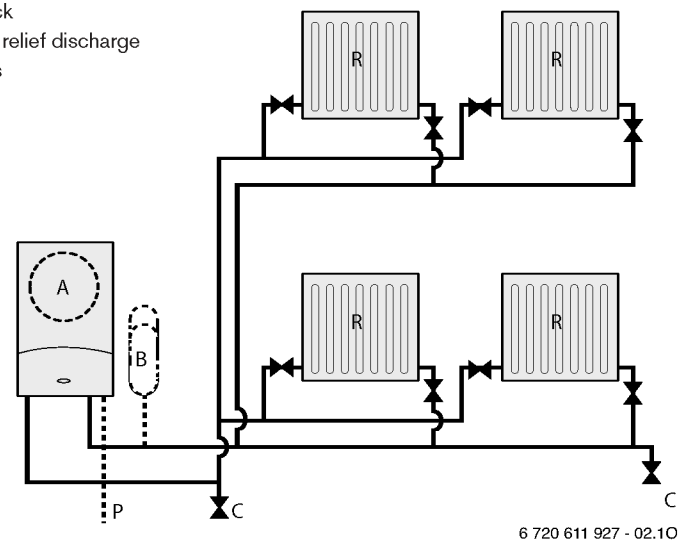
- If a shower head can be immersed in water or comes closer than 25 mm from the top edge of a bath or shower tray spill over level then an anti-siphon device must be fitted to the shower hose.
- Bidets with direct hot & cold mains water can be used (with the approval of the local water authority) and must be the over rim flushing type with shrouded outlets to prevent the fitting of hand held sprays.

SEALED PRIMARY SYSTEM:

- The CH sealed system must be filled using the built-in filling link (see page 23).
- Where the system volume is more than 100 litres or exceeds 2.65 bar at maximum heating temperature an extra expansion vessel (B) must be fitted as close as possible to the appliance in the central heating return.
- Pressurize the extra expansion vessel (B) to the same figure as the expansion vessel built into the appliance.
- **Do not use galvanised pipes or radiators.**

TYPICAL SEALED SYSTEM

A - Appliance expansion vessel – central heating
B - Extra expansion vessel – central heating return
C - Drain cock
P - Pressure relief discharge
R - Radiators

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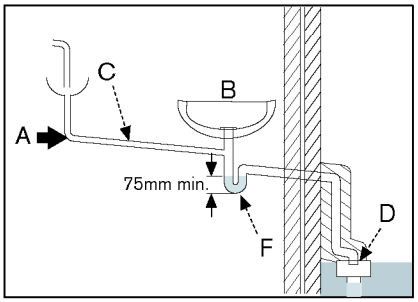


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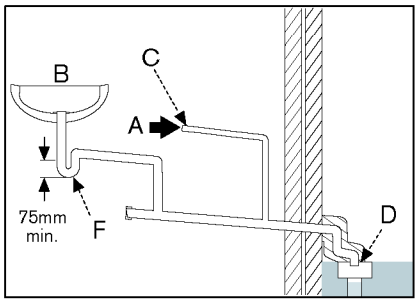


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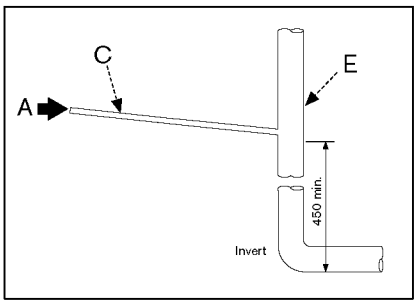


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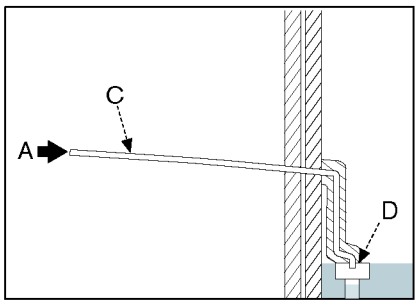


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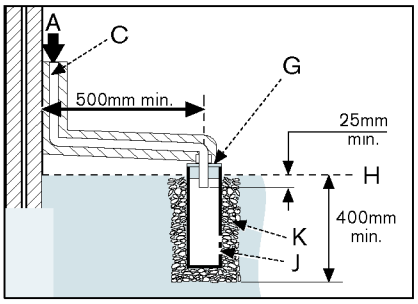
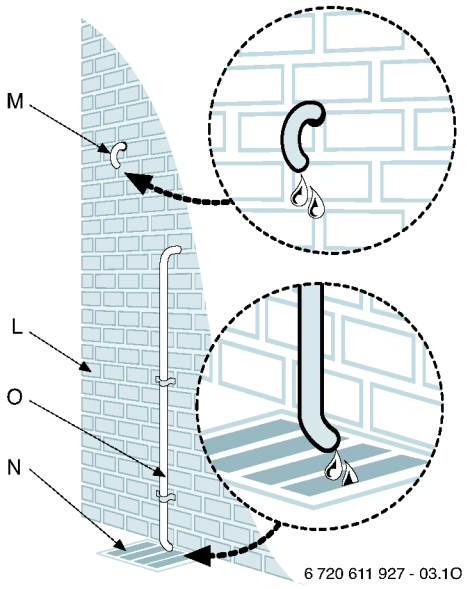



1 **Internal sink/washing machine drain**
2 **Internal waste drainage system**
3 **Soil/vent stack**
4 **External drainage system**
5 **External condensate absorption point**

A - Condensate from boiler
B - Sink
C - 22 mm Ø plastic condensate pipe
D - Gulley
E - Internal soil and vent stack
F - Serviceable waste trap (75 mm min)
G - 300 mm x 100 mm Ø sealed plastic tube
H - Ground level
J - Drainage holes 50 mm from base of tube (12 mm Ø at 25 mm centres) facing away from building
K - Limestone chippings




L - Outside wall
M, O - Drain pipe
N - External drain

CONDENSATE PIPEWORK:

- The condensate pipe must be a minimum of 22 mm Ø plastic pipe.
- **The condensate pipework must fall at least 50 mm per metre towards the outlet and should take the shortest practicable route.**
- The pipework must follow one of the options shown opposite into an internal serviceable trap (min. 75 mm) such as a sink/washing machine) and discharge direct into a vent stack (E) min. 450 mm above pipe invert or into a gulley (D) below ground but above the water level.
- Wherever possible the condensate discharge pipe work should be routed and terminated internally. Should this not be possible, and the only available route is external, the following conditions should be observed:
  - Pipe work length should be kept to a minimum and the route as vertical as possible.
  - Where pipe work could be subjected to extreme cold or wind chill, a weather proof insulation should be used. Alternatively the condensate pipework could be increased to a minimum 32 mm without the requirement to insulate.

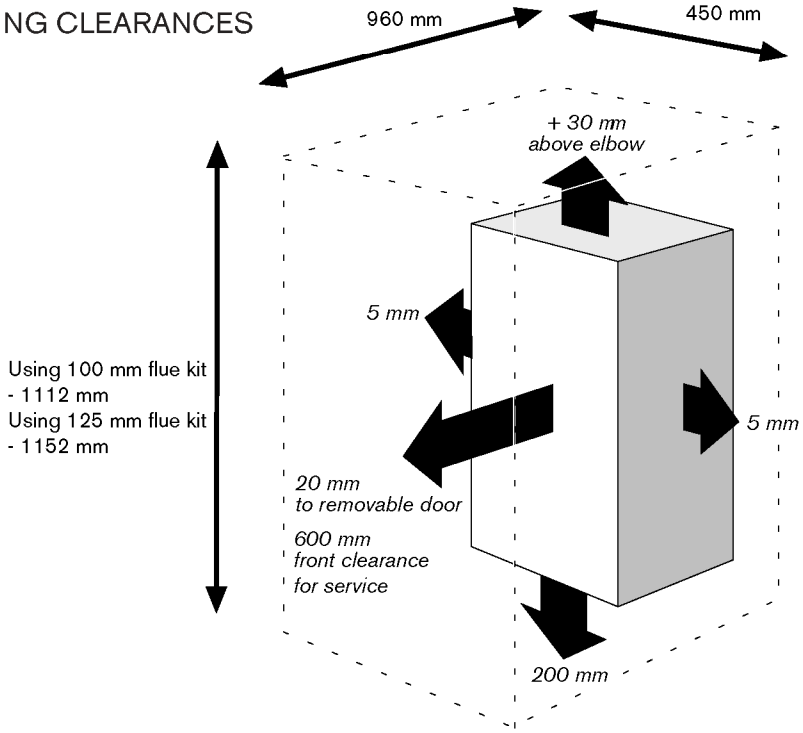
**IMPORTANT: Ensure there are no blockages in the pipe run.**

PRESSURE RELIEF PIPEWORK

**IMPORTANT: The pressure relief valve is a safety device for the boiler and if activated may discharge boiling water or steam through the relief valve drain pipe.**
**Care should be taken when siting the outlet pipe so that it does not cause an obstruction or discharge above a window, entrance or other public access where it could cause a hazard.**

- The pressure relief drain pipe (M,O) from the boiler should be at least 15 mm diameter copper pipe and run downwards away from any electrics or other hazard, preferably to an external drain or soakaway.
- Pipe (M) should be finished with a partial bend, near the outlet to face the external wall (as shown) to help prevent freezing.
- Use waterproof pipe insulation in exposed positions and for external pipework.

## SERVICING CLEARANCES




## BOILER LOCATION & CLEARANCES

This boiler is only suitable for installing internally within a property at a suitable location onto a fixed, rigid non-combustible surface at least the same size as the boiler and capable of supporting the boiler weight.

**COMPARTMENTS:**

Follow the requirements of BS6798 and BS5440 Part 2 and note:

- Minimum clearances must be maintained
- An access door is required to install, service and maintain the boiler and any ancillary equipment.
- If fitting the boiler into an airing cupboard use a non-combustible perforated material (maximum hole sizes of 13mm) to separate the boiler from the airing space.

**BOILER CLEARANCES:**

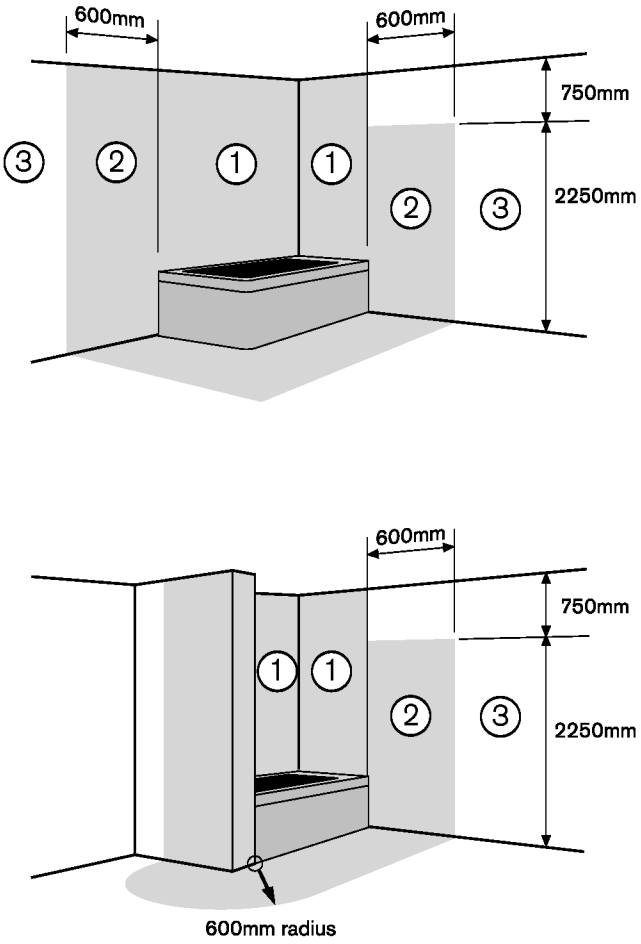
The diagram opposite shows the minimum space required to install and service the boiler.

**VENTILATION**

This is a room sealed appliance and does not require any air for combustion from inside the property. If the appliance is fitted into a cupboard or a compartment is built around the appliance after installation, then the compartment must be separated from the boiler space by a perforated non-combustible partition as described in BS 6798.

Notwithstanding the requirements of BS 6798 and BS 5440 there is no need for ventilation openings to be provided in the compartment because of the low heat loss from the appliance casing, if the clearances shown are maintained.

Do not operate the appliance if the flue terminal fitted on the outside wall or roof is obstructed or damaged.

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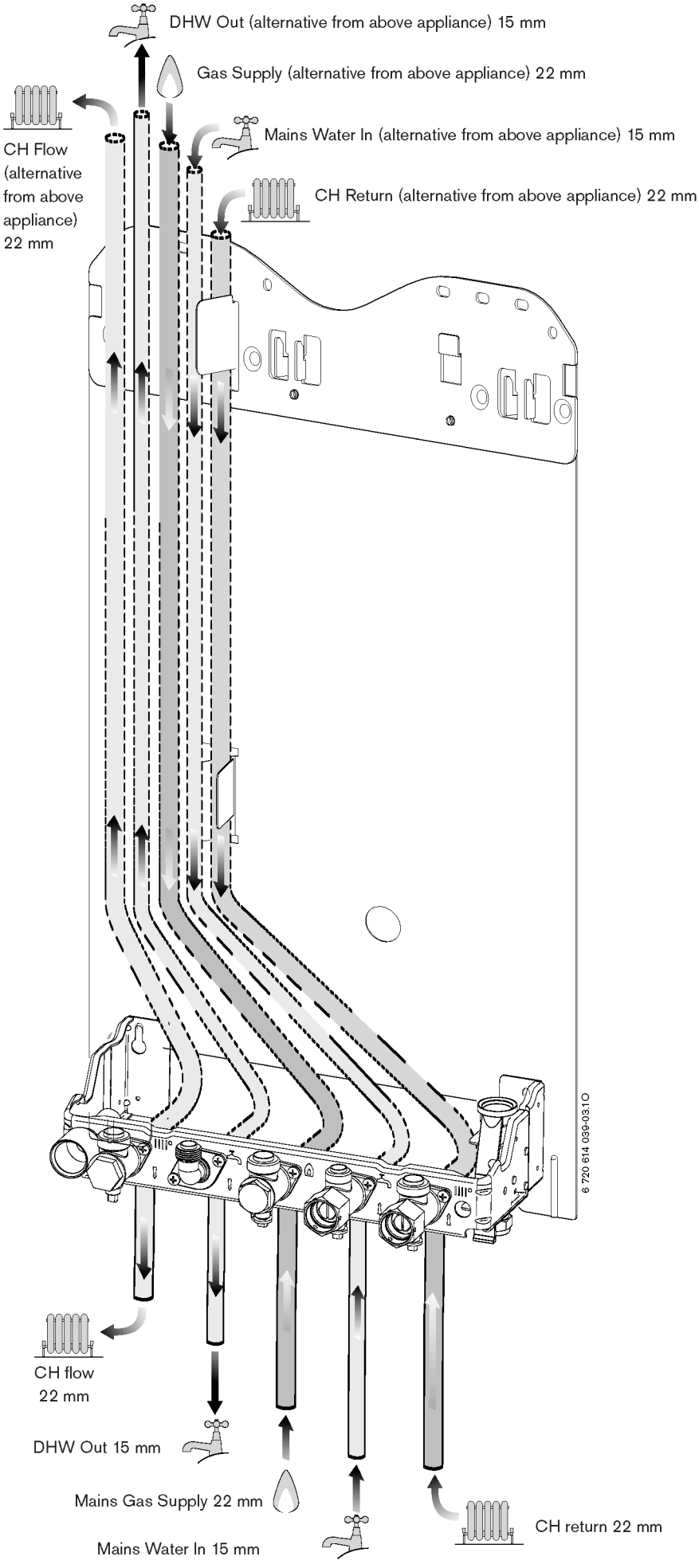
## BOILER LOCATION & CLEARANCES

BATHROOMS:
The boiler can be installed in zones 2 or 3. If a mechanical or RF mechanical timer or text display with room thermostat (IP 20 only) is fitted the boiler can only be installed in zone 3.
A Non mechanical timer can be installed in zone 2.
See IEE wiring regulations.
*(See Technical Data for IP ratings.)*

**IMPORTANT: any switch or appliance control using 230 V mains electricity must not be able to be touched by a person using the bath or shower.**

**Electrical switches, fused spur and socket outlets must not be situated in the bathroom.**

For further information about bathroom installations please consult Operational Procedures Part 20, Electricity.




## PLUMBING MANIFOLD

CONNECTIONS:

| | |
|---|---|
| Heating System: | 22 mm compression fittings |
| DHW: | 15 mm compression fittings |
| Gas: | 22 mm compression fittings |

Use the fittings supplied in the Hardware pack.

PREPLUMBING

With the plumbing manifold installed, pipework can be installed to the valves on the manifold.

The system can be filled (without the boiler being connected) using the charging link assembly (see page 23).

The valves can be closed enabling the DHW and CH systems to be tested. The boiler can be installed at later date.

RUNNING PIPES BEHIND THE BOILER

If the boiler pipes are to be run behind the appliance ensure that the pipes pass close to the wall as shown in the diagram opposite, and within the pipe guide.

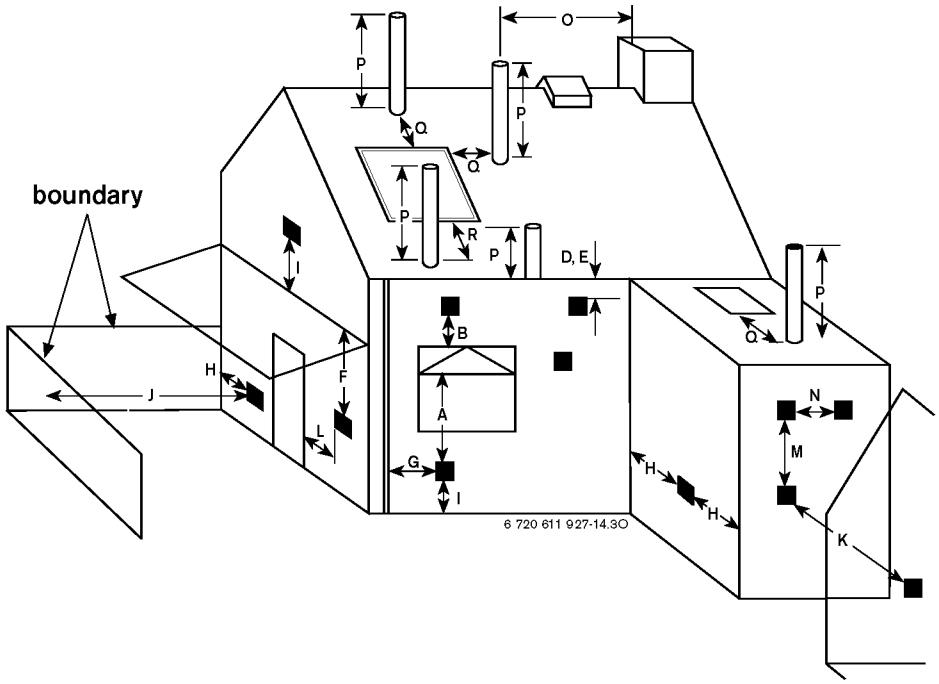
**Minimum dimensions of flue terminal positions for balanced room sealed flues with fanned draught:**

| DRWG. REF: | TERMINAL POSITION | DISTANCE |
|---|---|---|
| A[1] | Directly below an opening, air brick, opening windows, etc. | 300mm |
| B[1] | Above an opening, air brick, opening window, etc. | 300 mm |
| C[1] | Horizontally to an opening, air brick, opening window, etc. | 300 mm |
| D | Below gutters, soil pipes or drain pipes | 75mm |
| E | Below eaves | 200mm |
| F[2] | Below balconies or car port roof (lowest point) | 200mm |
| G | From a vertical drain pipe or soil pipe | 150mm |
| H | From an internal or external corner | 300mm |
| I | Above ground, roof or balcony | 300mm |
| J | From a surface facing the terminal | 600mm |
| K | From a terminal facing the terminal | 1200mm |
| L[2] | From an opening in the car port (e.g. door, window) into the dwelling | 1200mm |
| M | Vertically from a terminal on the same wall | 1500mm |
| N | Horizontally from a terminal on the same wall | 300mm |
| O | From a non combustible vertical structure on the roof | * |
| P | Above intersection with roof | * |
| Q | Adjacent to windows or openings on pitched and flat roofs | 600mm |
| R | Below windows or openings on pitched roofs | 2000mm |

*1 In addition, the terminal should not be nearer than 150mm (fanned draught) to an opening in the building fabric formed for the purpose of accommodating a built-in element such as a window frame.*

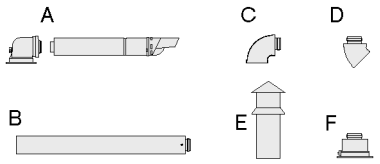
*2 Not recommended.*

* *See instructions supplied with vertical flue kits.*




- The flue must be fitted and terminated in accordance with the recommendations of BS5440 : Part 1.
- The flue must not cause an obstruction.
- Discharge and any noise from the flue outlet must not cause a nuisance.
- Flue gases have a tendency to plume and in certain weather conditions a white plume of condensation will be discharged from the flue outlet. Where this could be a nuisance, for example, near security lighting, an alternate position should be found.
- The air inlet/outlet duct and the terminal of the boiler must not be closer than 25mm to any combustible material.
  Detailed recommendations on protection of combustible materials are given in BS 5440:1
- A protective terminal guard must be fitted if the terminal is 2m or less above a surface to which people have access.
  The guard must be spaced equally (minimum 50 mm) around the flue and fixed to the wall with plated screws. See Contact Information (inside front cover).

- The diagrams (opposite) show the components used and the maximum flue length for each configuration of 100 mm and 125 mm Ø flues.
- Shaded flue components indicate the standard 100 mm Ø horizontal flue.
- Only straight flue sections can be reduced in length and cut.
- The flue terminal end can be fitted from the inside or outside of the building.
- Fixing kits are supplied with the flue extension kits.
- Horizontal 125 mm Ø and Vertical 100 mm and 125 mm Ø flue kits are available with separate instructions. Contact your supplier or Worcester Bosch.

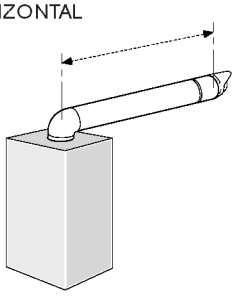



A - Standard horizontal flue (100 mm Ø shown)
B - Straight flue extension
C - Flue bend, 90°
D - Flue bends, 45°
E - Vertical terminal (vertical adaptor supplied with terminal)
F - Vertical adaptor (used with horizontal terminal)

### STANDARD FLUE HORIZONTAL


Ø100
MAX 686 mm A x 1
MIN 250 mm A x 1*

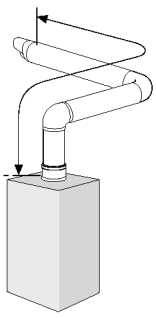
Ø125
MAX 1070 mm A x 1
MIN 250 mm A x 1*
* Requires cutting



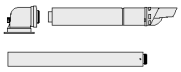
### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 2 BENDS


Ø100 - 8000 mm
A x 1 + C x 2 + B x 10 + F x 1

Ø125 - 21000 mm
A x 1 + C x 2 + B x 22 + F x 1

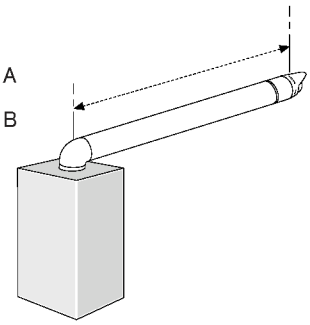


### MAXIMUM FLUE HORIZONTAL

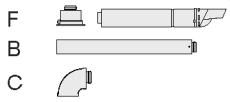



Ø100 - 10000 mm
A x 1 + B x 10

Ø125 - 23000 mm
A x 1 + B x 23

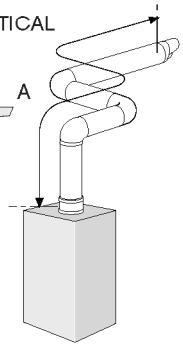


### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 3 BENDS

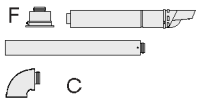



Ø100 - 6000 mm
A x 1 + C x 3 + B x 9 + F x 1

Ø125 - 19000 mm
A x 1 + C x 3 + B x 21 + F x 1

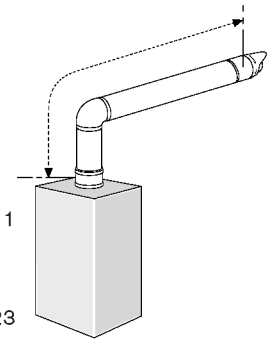



### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 1 BEND

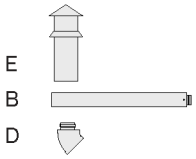



Ø100 - 10000 mm
A x 1 + C x 1 + B x 11 + F x 1

Ø125 - 23000 mm
A x 1 + C x 1 + B x 23 + F x 1

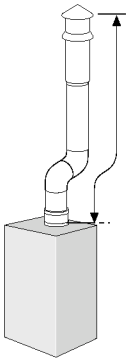


### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL WITH 2 X 45° BENDS

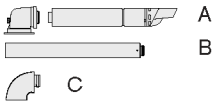



Ø100 - 9500 mm
(including terminal)
B x 10 + D x 2 + E x 1

Ø125 - 21000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 21 + D x 2 + E x 1

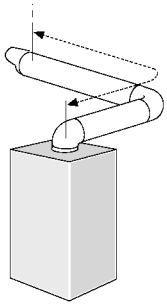


### MAXIMUM FLUE HORIZONTAL + 1 BEND

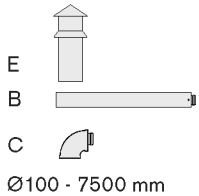



Ø100 - 8000 mm
A x 1 + B x 9 + C x 1

Ø125 - 21000 mm
A x 1 + B x 21 + C x 1

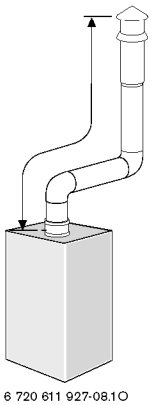


### VERTICAL FLUE WITH 2 X 90° BENDS




Ø100 - 7500 mm
(including terminal)
B x 9 + C x 2 + E x 1

Ø125 - 19000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 20 + C x 2 + E x 1



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Calculating the flue length:
Measure the total flue length required, noting that the maximum straight flue length including the terminal is:
Horizontal 60/100 mm Ø: 10000 mm
Horizontal 80/125 mm Ø: 23000 mm
Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 11500 mm
Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 23000 mm

Then reduce the total straight flue length for each extra flue bend (excluding the turret) by:
2000 mm for 90°
1000 mm for 45°

Flue extension **total** lengths:
Horizontal & Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 960 mm
Horizontal & Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 1000 mm

Flue terminal **total** lengths:
Horizontal 60/100 mm Ø: 800 mm
Horizontal 80/125 mm Ø: 1200 mm
Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 1140 mm
Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 1365 mm

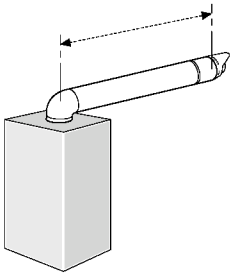
## FLUE OPTIONS 30CDi

### STANDARD FLUE HORIZONTAL


Ø100
MAX 686 mm A x 1
MIN 250 mm A x 1*

Ø125
MAX 1070 mm A x 1
MIN 250 mm A x 1*

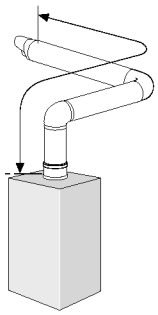
* Requires cutting



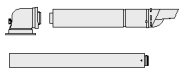
### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 2 BENDS


Ø100 - 5000 mm
A x 1 + C x 2 + B x 7 + F x 1

Ø125 - 14000 mm
A x 1 + C x 2 + B x 15 + F x 1

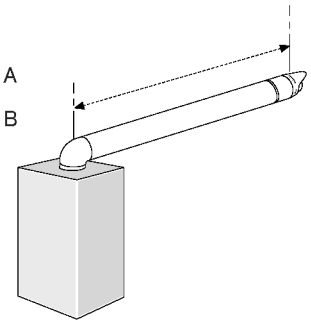


### MAXIMUM FLUE HORIZONTAL

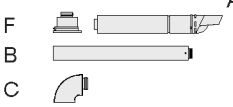



Ø100 - 7000 mm
A x 1 + B x 7

Ø125 - 16000 mm
A x 1 + B x 15

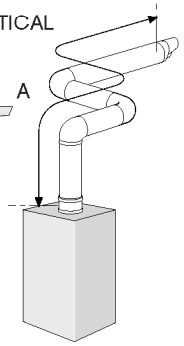


### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 3 BENDS

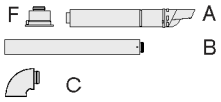



Ø100 - 3000 mm
A x 1 + C x 3 + B x 6 + F x 1

Ø125 - 12000 mm
A x 1 + C x 3 + B x 14 + F x 1

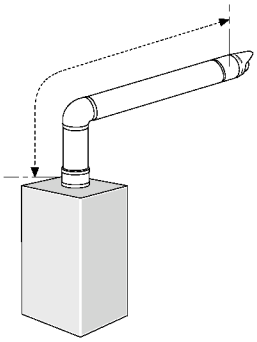



### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 1 BEND

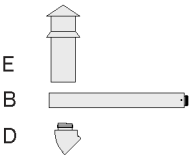



Ø100 - 7000 mm
A x 1 + C x 1 + B x 8 + F x 1

Ø125 - 16000 mm
A x 1 + C x 1 + B x 16 + F x 1

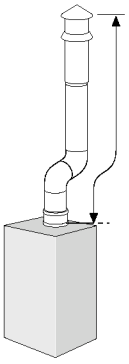


### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL WITH 2 X 45° BENDS




Ø100 - 6000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 6 + D x 2 + E x 1

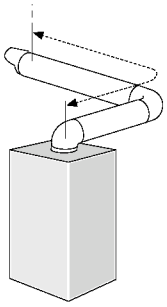
Ø125 - 14000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 14 + D x 2 + E x 1



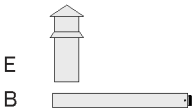
### MAXIMUM FLUE HORIZONTAL + 1 BEND


Ø100 - 5000 mm
A x 1 + B x 6 + C x 1

Ø125 - 14000 mm
A x 1 + B x 14 + C x 1

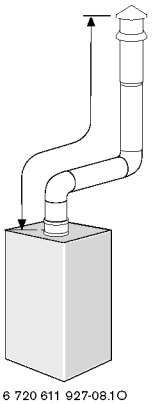


### VERTICAL FLUE WITH 2 X 90° BENDS




Ø100 - 4000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 5 + C x 2 + E x 1

Ø125 - 12000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 13 + C x 2 + E x 1



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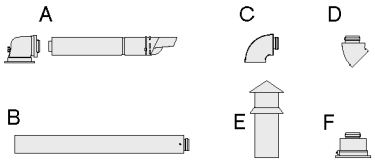
- The diagrams (opposite) show the components used and the maximum flue length for each configuration of 100 mm and 125 mm Ø flues.
- Shaded flue components indicate the standard 100 mm Ø horizontal flue.
- Only straight flue sections can be reduced in length and cut.
- The flue terminal end can be fitted from the inside or outside of the building.
- Fixing kits are supplied with the flue extension kits.
- Horizontal 125 mm Ø and Vertical 100 mm and 125 mm Ø flue kits are available with separate instructions. Contact your supplier or British Gas.




A - Standard horizontal flue (100 mm Ø shown)
B - Straight flue extension
C - Flue bend, 90°
D - Flue bends, 45°
E - Vertical terminal (vertical adaptor supplied with terminal)
F - Vertical adaptor (used with horizontal terminal)

Calculating the flue length:
Measure the total flue length required, noting that the maximum straight flue length including the terminal is:
Horizontal 60/100 mm Ø: 7000 mm
Horizontal 80/125 mm Ø: 16000 mm
Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 8000 mm
Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 16000 mm

Then reduce the total straight flue length for each extra flue bend (excluding the turret) by:
2000 mm for 90°
1000 mm for 45°

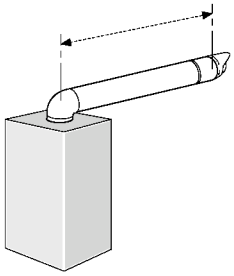
Flue extension **total** lengths:
Horizontal & Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 960 mm
Horizontal & Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 1000 mm

Flue terminal **total** lengths:
Horizontal 60/100 mm Ø: 800 mm
Horizontal 80/125 mm Ø: 1200 mm
Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 1140 mm
Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 1365 mm

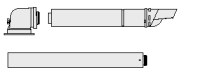
## STANDARD FLUE HORIZONTAL


Ø100
MAX 686 mm A x 1
MIN 250 mm A x 1*

Ø125
MAX 1070 mm A x 1
MIN 250 mm A x 1*
* Requires cutting

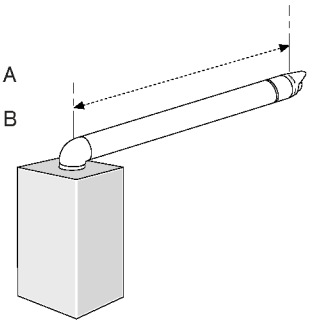


## MAXIMUM FLUE HORIZONTAL

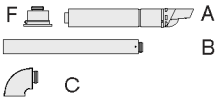



Ø100 - 3000 mm
A x 1 + B x 3

Ø125 - 15000 mm
A x 1 + B x 14

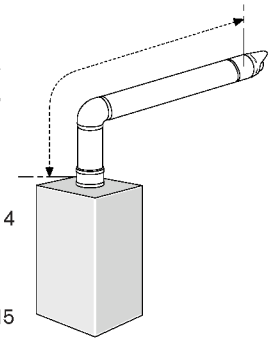


## MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 1 BEND

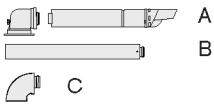



Ø100 - 3000 mm
A x 1 + C x 1 + B x 4 + F x 1

Ø125 - 15000 mm
A x 1 + C x 1 + B x 15 + F x 1

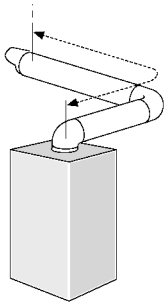


## MAXIMUM FLUE HORIZONTAL + 1 BEND

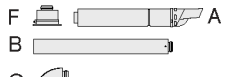



Ø100 - 1000 mm
A x 1 + B x 1 + C x 1

Ø125 - 13000 mm
A x 1 + B x 13 + C x 1

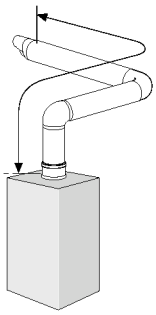


## MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 2 BENDS




Ø100 - 1000 mm
A x 1 + C x 2 + B x 3 + F x 1

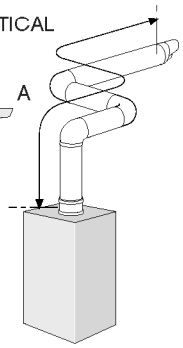
Ø125 - 13000 mm
A x 1 + C x 2 + B x 14 + F x 1



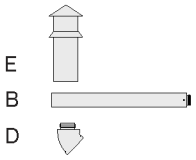
## MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 3 BENDS


Ø100 - N/A

Ø125 - 11000 mm
A x 1 + C x 3 + B x 13 + F x 1

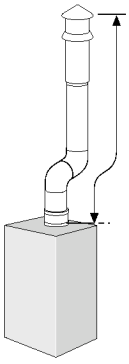


## MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL WITH 2 X 45° BENDS

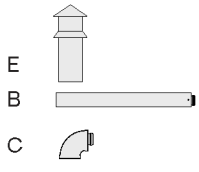



Ø100 - 4000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 4 + D x 2 + E x 1

Ø125 - 14000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 14 + D x 2 + E x 1

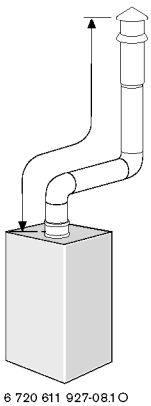


## VERTICAL FLUE WITH 2 X 90° BENDS




Ø100 - 2000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 3 + C x 2 + E x 1

Ø125 - 12000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 13 + C x 2 + E x 1



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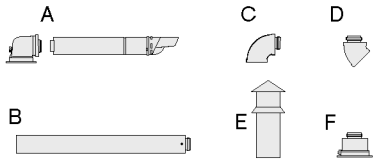
## FLUE OPTIONS 37CDi

- The diagrams (opposite) show the components used and the maximum flue length for each configuration of 100 mm and 125 mm Ø flues.
- Shaded flue components indicate the standard 100 mm Ø horizontal flue.
- Only straight flue sections can be reduced in length and cut.
- The flue terminal end can be fitted from the inside or outside of the building.
- Fixing kits are supplied with the flue extension kits.
- Horizontal 125 mm Ø and Vertical 100 mm and 125 mm Ø flue kits are available with separate instructions. Contact your supplier or British Gas.




A - Standard horizontal flue (100 mm Ø shown)
B - Straight flue extension
C - Flue bend, 90°
D - Flue bends, 45°
E - Vertical terminal (vertical adaptor supplied with terminal)
F - Vertical adaptor (used with horizontal terminal)

Calculating the flue length:
Measure the total flue length required, noting that the maximum straight flue length including the terminal is:
Horizontal 60/100 mm Ø: 3000 mm
Horizontal 80/125 mm Ø: 15000 mm
Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 6000 mm
Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 16000 mm

Then reduce the total straight flue length for each extra flue bend (excluding the turret) by:
2000 mm for 90°
1000 mm for 45°

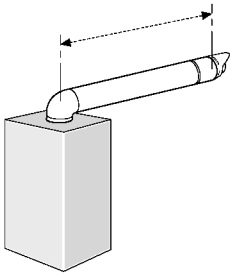
Flue extension **total** lengths:
Horizontal & Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 960 mm
Horizontal & Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 1000 mm

Flue terminal **total** lengths:
Horizontal 60/100 mm Ø: 800 mm
Horizontal 80/125 mm Ø: 1200 mm
Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 1140 mm
Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 1365 mm

## FLUE OPTIONS 42CDi

- The diagrams (opposite) show the components used and the maximum flue length for each configuration of 100 mm and 125 mm Ø flues.
- Shaded flue components indicate the standard 100 mm Ø horizontal flue.
- Only straight flue sections can be reduced in length and cut.
- The flue terminal end can be fitted from the inside or outside of the building.
- Fixing kits are supplied with the flue extension kits.
- Horizontal 125 mm Ø and Vertical 100 mm and 125 mm Ø flue kits are available with separate instructions. Contact your supplier or Worcester Bosch.

### STANDARD FLUE HORIZONTAL

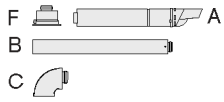



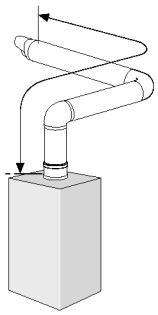
Ø100
MAX 686 mm A x 1
MIN 250 mm A x 1*

Ø125
MAX 1070 mm A x 1
MIN 250 mm A x 1*

* Requires cutting

### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 2 BENDS

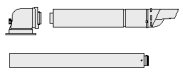


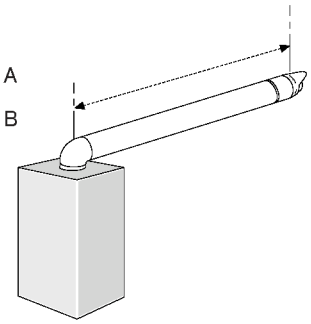



Ø100 - N/A

Ø125 - 10500 mm
A x 1 + C x 2 + B x 12
+ F x 1

### MAXIMUM FLUE HORIZONTAL

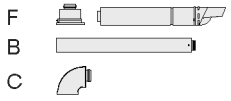


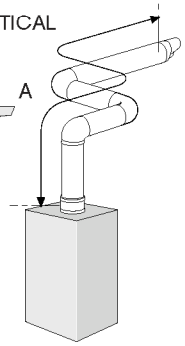



Ø100 - 2600 mm
A x 1 + B x 2

Ø125 - 12500 mm
A x 1 + B x 12

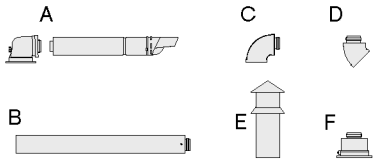
### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 3 BENDS



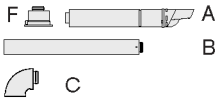
Ø100 - N/A

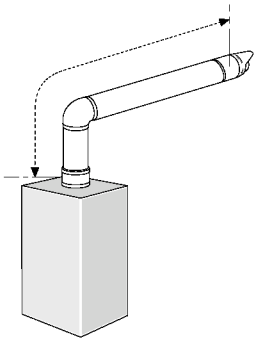
Ø125 - 8500 mm
A x 1 + C x 3
+ B x 11 + F x 1




A - Standard horizontal flue (100 mm Ø shown)
B - Straight flue extension
C - Flue bend, 90°
D - Flue bends, 45°
E - Vertical terminal (vertical adaptor supplied with terminal)
F - Vertical adaptor (used with horizontal terminal)

### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL START + 1 BEND

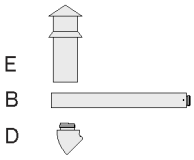


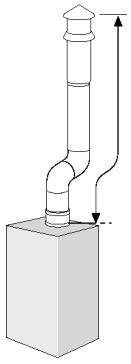



Ø100 - 2600 mm
A x 1 + C x 1 + B x 3
+ F x 1

Ø125 - 12500 mm
A x 1 + C x 1 + B x 13
+ F x 1

### MAXIMUM FLUE VERTICAL WITH 2 X 45° BENDS



Ø100 - 2900 mm
(including terminal)
B x 3 + D x 2 + E x 1

Ø125 - 14000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 14 + D x 2 + E x 1

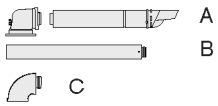
Calculating the flue length:
Measure the total flue length required, noting that the maximum straight flue length including the terminal is:
Horizontal 60/100 mm Ø: 2600 mm
Horizontal 80/125 mm Ø: 12500 mm
Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 4900 mm
Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 16000 mm

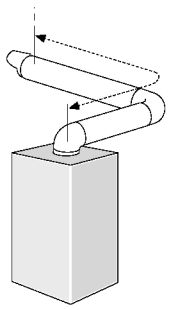
Then reduce the total straight flue length for each extra flue bend (excluding the turret) by:
2000 mm for 90°
1000 mm for 45°

Flue extension **total** lengths:
Horizontal & Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 960 mm
Horizontal & Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 1000 mm

Flue terminal **total** lengths:
Horizontal 60/100 mm Ø: 800 mm
Horizontal 80/125 mm Ø: 1200 mm
Vertical 60/100 mm Ø: 1140 mm
Vertical 80/125 mm Ø: 1365 mm

### MAXIMUM FLUE HORIZONTAL + 1 BEND

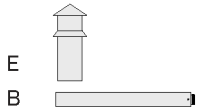


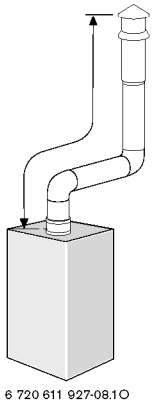



Ø100 - 600 mm
A x 1 + B x 1 + C x 1

Ø125 - 10500 mm
A x 1 + B x 11 + C x 1

### VERTICAL FLUE WITH 2 X 90° BENDS



Ø100 - N/A

Ø125 - 12000 mm
(including terminal)
B x 13 + C x 2 + E x 1

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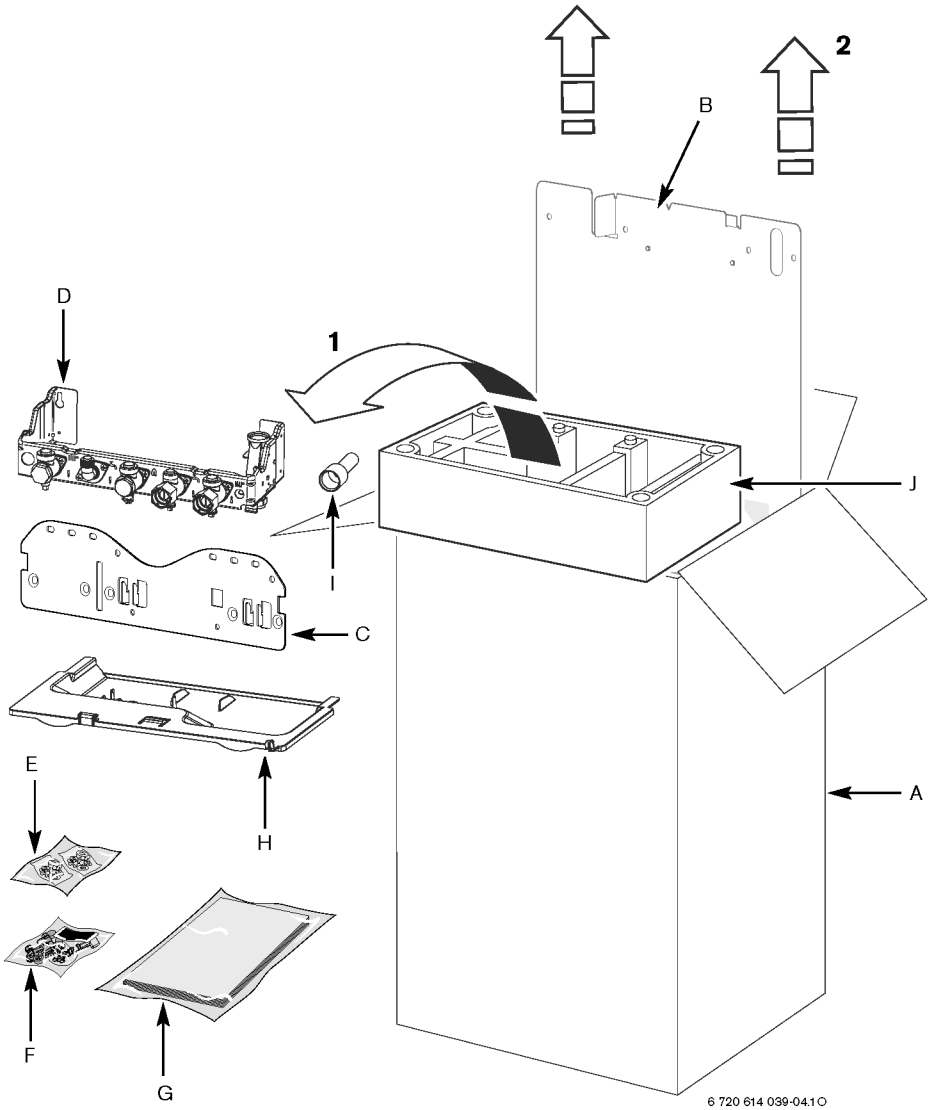
**IMPORTANT: All the previous Pre-Installation sections must be read and requirements met before starting boiler or flue installation.**

# UNPACKING WALL FRAME AND ANCILLARY ITEMS

**LIFTING AND CARRYING PRECAUTIONS:**

- Lift only a manageable weight, or ask for help.
- When lifting the boiler, bend the knees, and keep the back straight and feet apart.
- Do not lift and twist at the same time.
- Lift and carry the boiler close to the body.
- Wear protective clothing and gloves to protect from any sharp edges.

A - Carton
B - Wall mounting plate
C - Hanging bracket
D - Pre-plumbing manifold
E - Hardware pack
F - Charging Link Assembly
G - Literature pack
H - Bottom panel
I - Trap / Syphon Outlet Connection (22 mm Plastic Pipe)
J - Upper support (polystyrene)




IMPORTANT HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

- It is advised that two people are used to carry the carton from the van to the point of delivery.
- Once the carton has been delivered, the top of the carton is opened. If a sharp implement is used make sure the carton is not pierced and that the implement is used in such a way so that it may not cause personal injury. All sharp objects must be covered or the blade retracted after use and put away in a safe place.

► **1.** The upper support is now removed with the components (bottom panel, pre-plumbing manifold, fixings, documentation set, charging link, hanging bracket).

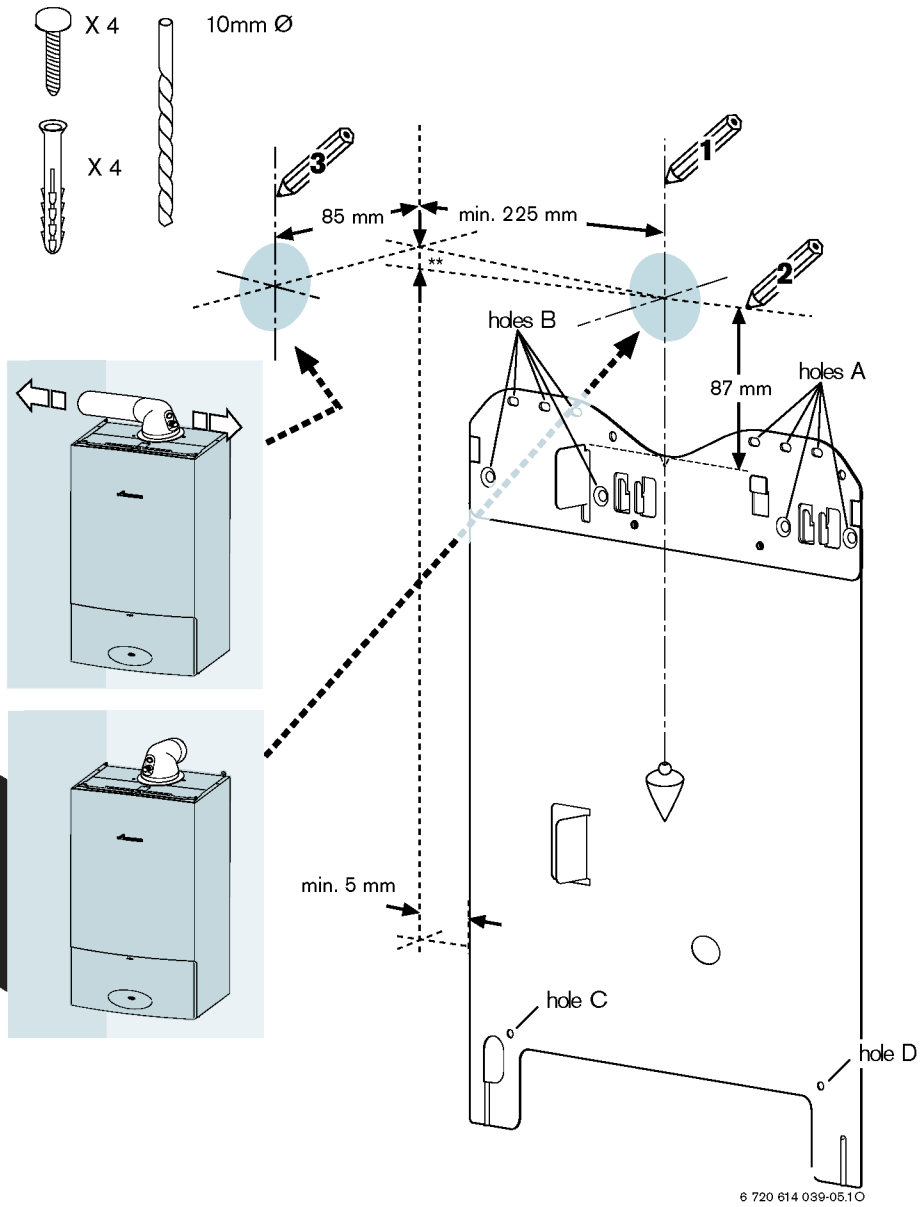
► **2.** The boiler wall mounting plate can now be pulled out.

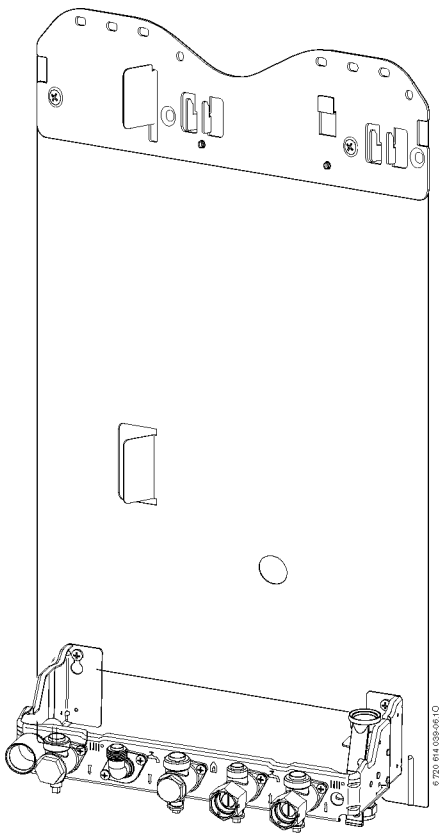
Additional requirements for roof space installation:

- The boiler should be first unpacked before ascending ladder to loft space.
- Two sets of steps should be used.
- Two people should share the lifting of the boiler up to the loft hatch, where the boiler is entered into the loft space tilted and slid on its back into the loft.

Once the appliance is removed from its packaging check the contents against the packing list.

**Before installing appliance ensure system has been cleaned as explained on page 9.**






# WALL MOUNTING PLATE

## FLUE OPENING

**CAUTION: Ensure there are no pipes, electric cables, damp proof courses or other hazards before drilling.**

SAFETY:
All relevant safety precautions must be undertaken. Protective clothing, footwear, gloves and safety goggles must be worn as appropriate.

FIXING THE POSITION OF THE WALL MOUNTING PLATE:

- The diagram opposite shows the relative positions of the flue and the fixing of the wall mounting plate, the mounting plate and pre-plumbing manifold.
- ▶ Place the hanging bracket on the wall mounting plate.
- ▶ Place the wall mounting plate with hanging bracket against the wall in the desired position.
- ▶ Mark 4 fixing points through
  - one of the holes A
  - one of the holes B
  - hole C
  - hole D

  in the wall mounting plate/hanging bracket.
- ▶ Drill the 4 holes for wall mounting plate, wall hanging bracket and pre-plumbing manifold.
- ▶ Secure wall mounting plate with hanging bracket with 4 screws (supplied with the boiler). Do not fully fasten the lower 2 screws.

FLUE OUTLET

- ▶ Follow the diagram opposite to mark the centre of the flue for rear outlet (1, & 2) or for side outlet (2 & 3).
  ** Note: increase this height by 52 mm for every 1000 mm of horizontal length that the flue outlet is away from the boiler.
- ▶ For the 60/100 mm Ø flue make a 125 mm diameter hole through the wall using a core drill or similar.
  For flues using an optional weather collar, fitted from inside the building make a 150 mm Ø hole.
- ▶ Clear away any debris.

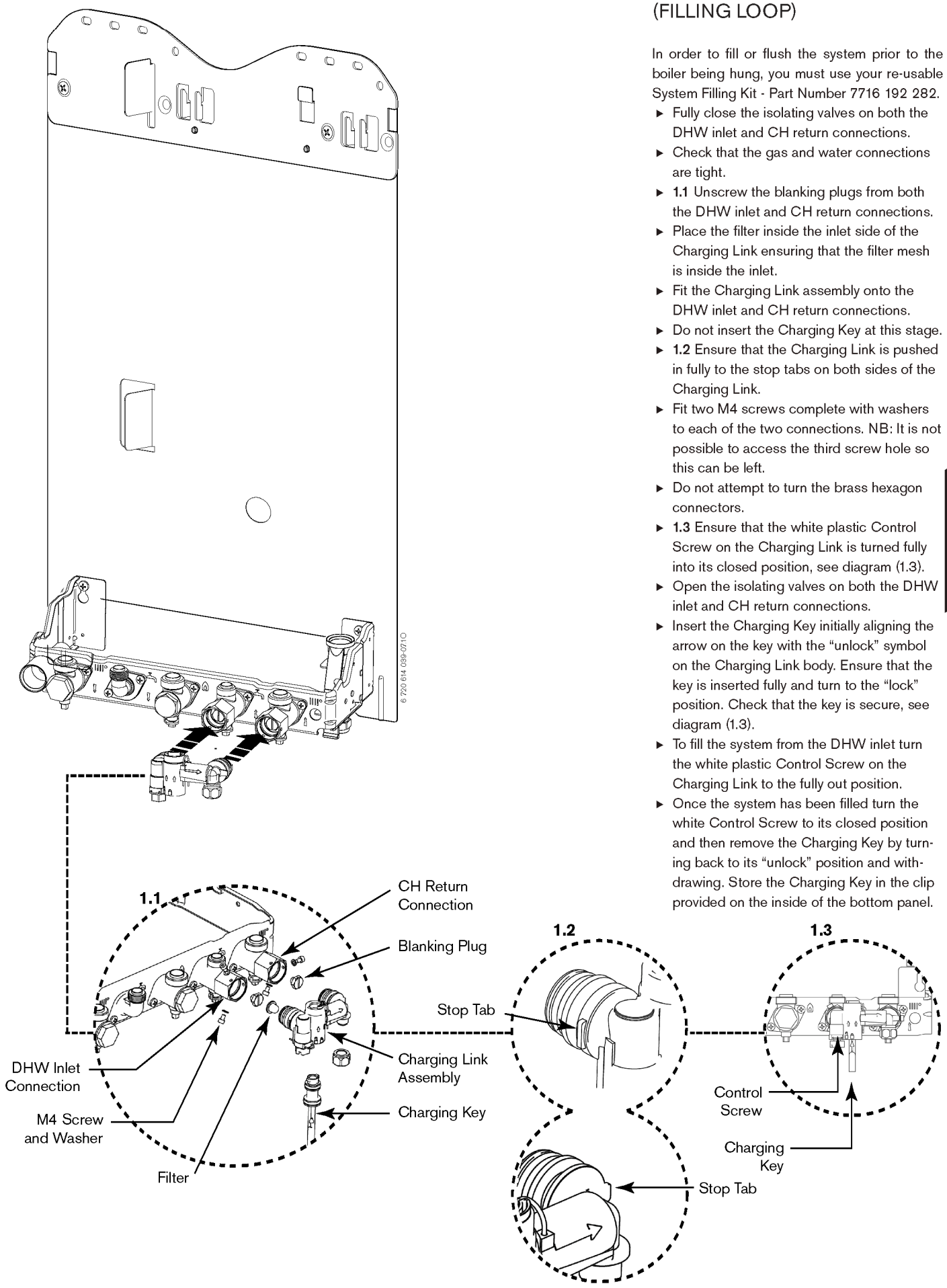
FIXING THE PRE-PLUMBING MANIFOLD:

- ▶ Mount the pre-plumbing manifold on the 2 lower screws and secure the screws.

## (FILLING LOOP)

In order to fill or flush the system prior to the boiler being hung, you must use your re-usable System Filling Kit - Part Number 7716 192 282.

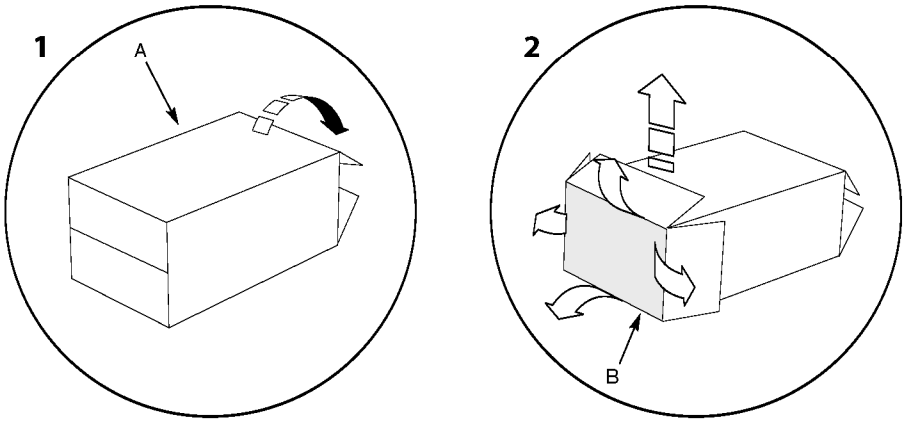
- Fully close the isolating valves on both the DHW inlet and CH return connections.
- Check that the gas and water connections are tight.
- **1.1** Unscrew the blanking plugs from both the DHW inlet and CH return connections.
- Place the filter inside the inlet side of the Charging Link ensuring that the filter mesh is inside the inlet.
- Fit the Charging Link assembly onto the DHW inlet and CH return connections.
- Do not insert the Charging Key at this stage.
- **1.2** Ensure that the Charging Link is pushed in fully to the stop tabs on both sides of the Charging Link.
- Fit two M4 screws complete with washers to each of the two connections. NB: It is not possible to access the third screw hole so this can be left.
- Do not attempt to turn the brass hexagon connectors.
- **1.3** Ensure that the white plastic Control Screw on the Charging Link is turned fully into its closed position, see diagram (1.3).
- Open the isolating valves on both the DHW inlet and CH return connections.
- Insert the Charging Key initially aligning the arrow on the key with the “unlock” symbol on the Charging Link body. Ensure that the key is inserted fully and turn to the “lock” position. Check that the key is secure, see diagram (1.3).
- To fill the system from the DHW inlet turn the white plastic Control Screw on the Charging Link to the fully out position.
- Once the system has been filled turn the white Control Screw to its closed position and then remove the Charging Key by turning back to its “unlock” position and withdrawing. Store the Charging Key in the clip provided on the inside of the bottom panel.

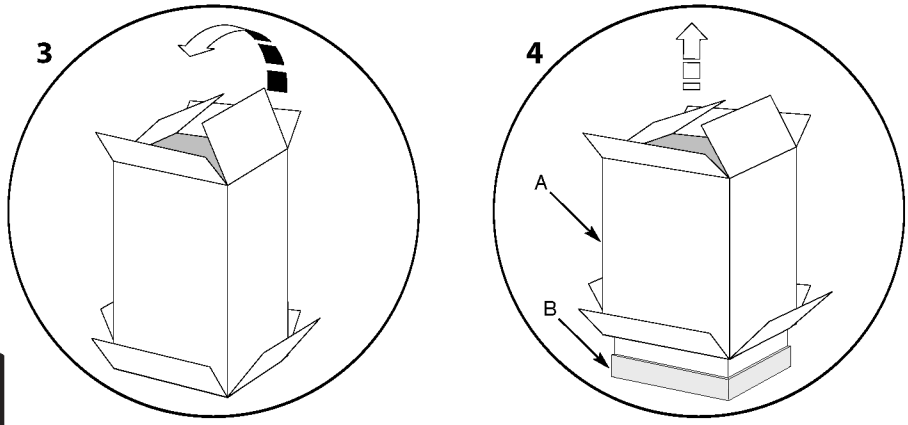


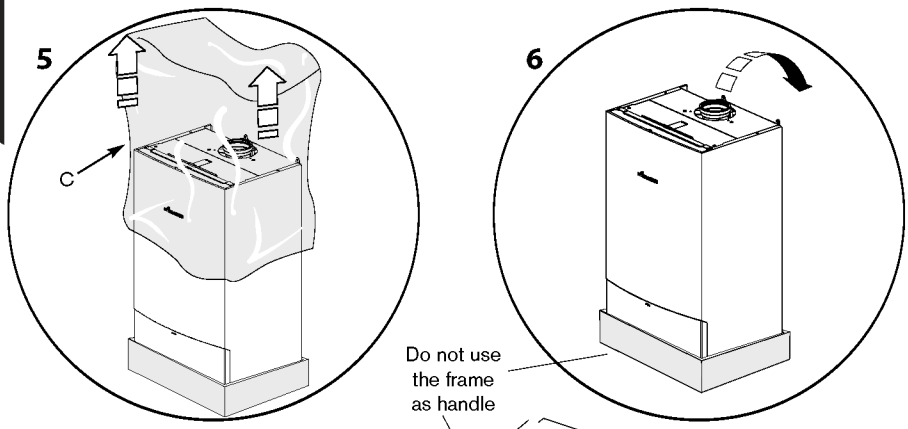
# UNPACKING THE APPLIANCE

## UNPACKING THE APPLIANCE

A - Outer carton
B - Packaging base
C - Protective wrapping
D - Appliance outer case
E - Screws
F - Clip
G - Protective packaging



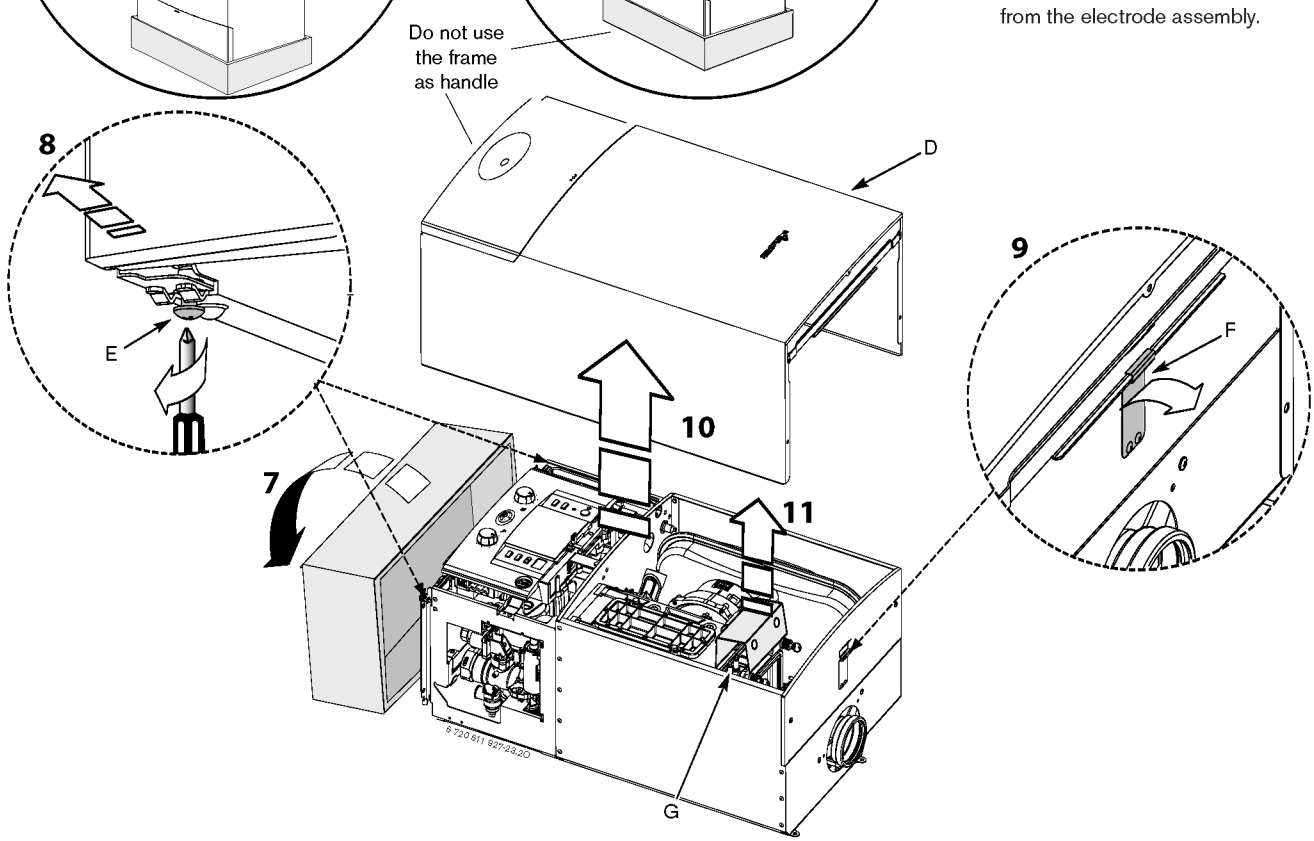




- **1.** With the wall frame and ancillary items removed (see p.21), lay the carton (A) on its back.
- **2.** Open the carton bottom flaps and fold under boiler. Do not remove the packaging base.
- **3.** Stand carton (A) with boiler upright on the packaging base (B).
- **4.** Remove outer carton (A) and place safely away from the working area.
- **5.** Remove the protective wrapping (C)
- **6.** Lie the boiler on its back.
- **7.** Remove the packaging base (B) and place safely away from the working area.

## REMOVING OUTER CASE

- **8.** Loosen but do not remove the 2 screws (E) securing boiler casing at the bottom of the appliance.
- **9.** Pull upwards to release the clip (F) on top of the boiler and pull the case upwards.
- **10.** Remove the outer case.
- **11.** Remove the protective packaging (G) from the electrode assembly.



## BOILER CONNECTIONS

**CAUTION: ISOLATE THE MAINS GAS SUPPLY BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK AND OBSERVE ALL RELEVANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS.**

GAS AND WATER CONNECTIONS:

- System pipes may be run vertically upwards behind the boiler or below it. See Plumbing Manifold Section on page 15.

A - CH flow (22 mm),
B - CH return (22 mm),
C - Gas inlet (22 mm),
D - DHW outlet (15 mm)
E - Mains water inlet (15 mm),

- **1.** Fit sealing washers to service valves before hanging boiler.
- Remove dust caps from connections on boiler.

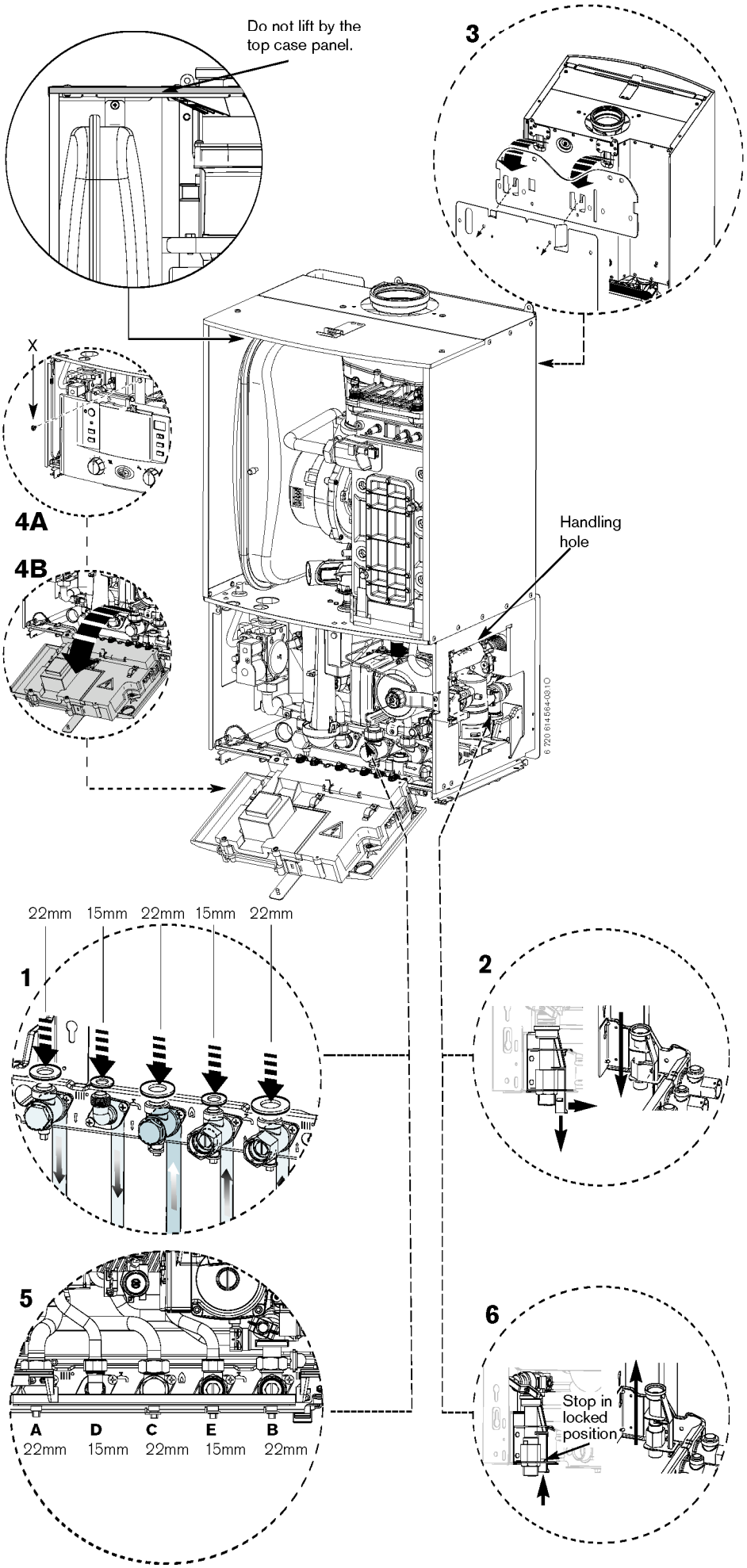
**IMPORTANT:** Before hanging the boiler onto the wall mounting plate ensure that the pressure relief valve connection is in the DOWN position. This is located on the right hand side of the wall frame at the rear.

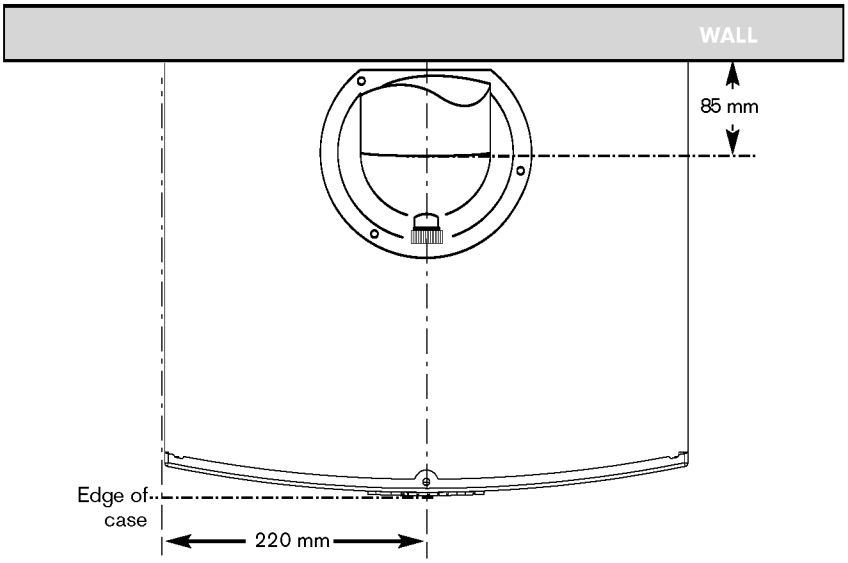
- **2.** Pull the extended tab/lever forward and down until there is no further travel.
- **3.** Hang the boiler on to the hanging bracket. The lugs pass through the rectangular holes in the boiler back panel.
  Take care not to disturb the washers on the connections.
  ***NOTE:*** *It is recommended that this lifting operation is carried out by 2 people, observing all precautions for the safe lifting of heavy objects.*
  Do not lift by the top case panel. There are two handling holes incorporated into the inner casing left and right in the lower section of the appliance.
- **4.** Lower the control panel into the service position by removing the screw (X) from the retaining bracket.
- **5.** Make connections to the heating system.
- Connect the gas supply to the boiler gas cock 22 mm compression.
- Connect mains water in and DHW out.

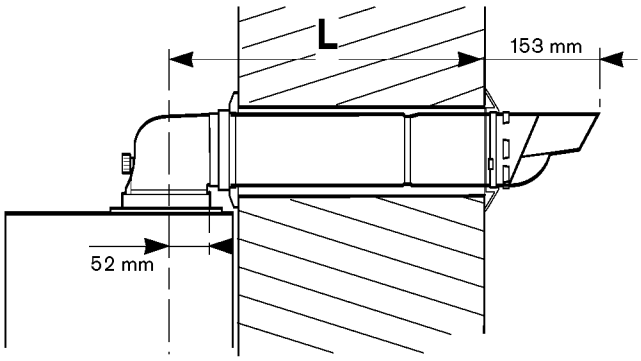
**IMPORTANT:** The pressure relief connector must be repositioned after the boiler has been correctly mounted to the wall mounting plate.

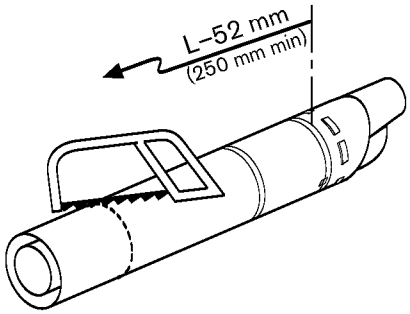
- **6.** Push the lever on the pressure relief connector UP until the stop on the inside of the handle is over the shoulder of the metal bracket to secure in place.

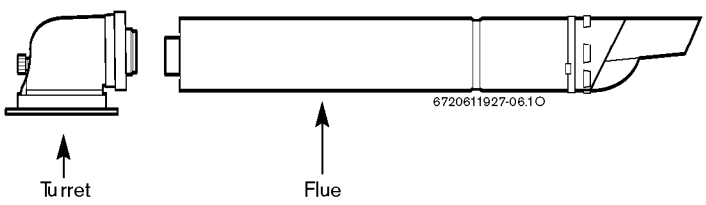







## FLUE INSTALLATION

HORIZONTAL FLUE

**(60/100 mm diameter)**

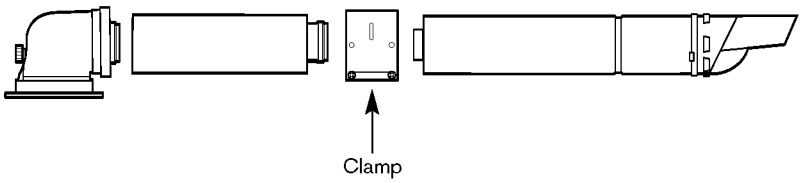
*For vertical flues and 80/125 mm horizontal flues, please refer to separate Flue Kit instructions.*

*NOTE: to ease the assembly of flue components, apply silicone lubricant to sealing surfaces.*

*The instructions for the 60/100 mm diameter flue are shown below.*

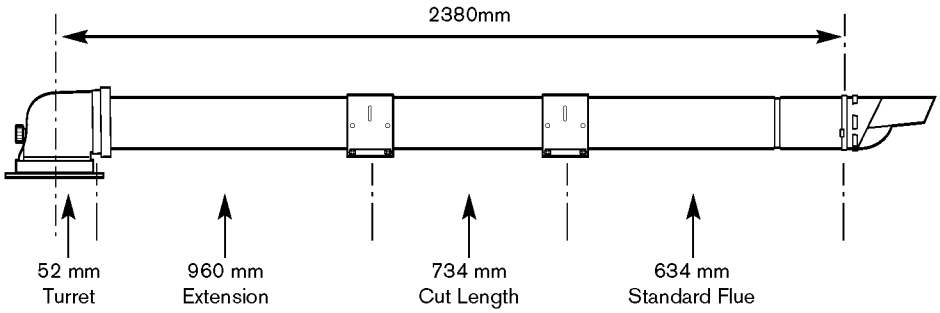
MEASURING THE FLUE (Standard Flue):

- Measure from the outside wall to the centre line of the flue turret (length L).
- Subtract 52 mm from the length L to give the correct dimension to the flue elbow connection.
- The terminal section should be cut to this dimension, however it must not be shorter than 250 mm.
- After cutting the end must be square and free from burrs to prevent damage to the flue seals.




MEASURING THE FLUE (Extension Flue Kits):
**ONLY CUT EXTENDED FLUE LENGTHS**

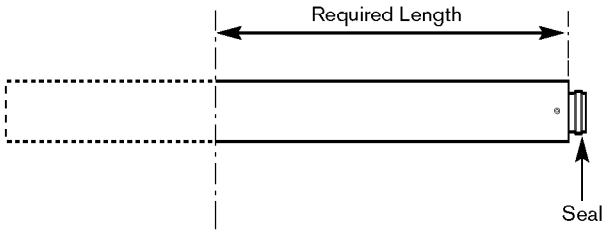
- As with the Standard Flue measure from the outside wall to the centre line of the flue turret (length L).
- Subtract the usable length of the standard flue (634 mm) from length L.
- Subtract the usable length of the turret (52 mm) from length L.
- Subtract 960 mm for each full length extension from the figure.
- Cut one of the extensions to the remainder.
- Cut both tubes square taking care not to distort the tubes.
- Remove any burrs.



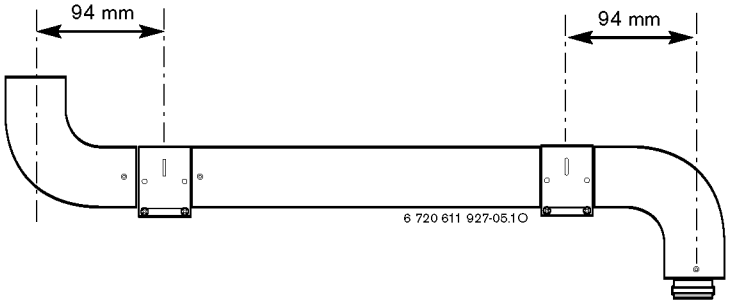

EXAMPLE:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Length L | = | 2380 mm |
| Subtract Standard Flue | | – 634 mm |
| Subtract Turret | | – 52 mm |
| Subtract Full Extension | | – 960 mm |
| Cut Length | = | **734 mm** |






NOTE: Where extensions are reduced, cut length which **DOES NOT** contain the seal.




ADDITION OF FLUE BENDS:
When flue bends are being used an allowance of 94 mm per bend must be allowed from the centre line of the bend. In the example shown using a flue extension (960 mm) with 2 bends will achieve a total length of 1148 mm.

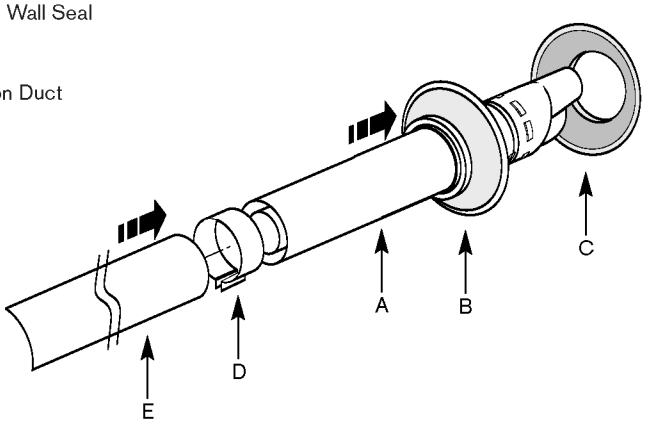
A - Standard Flue

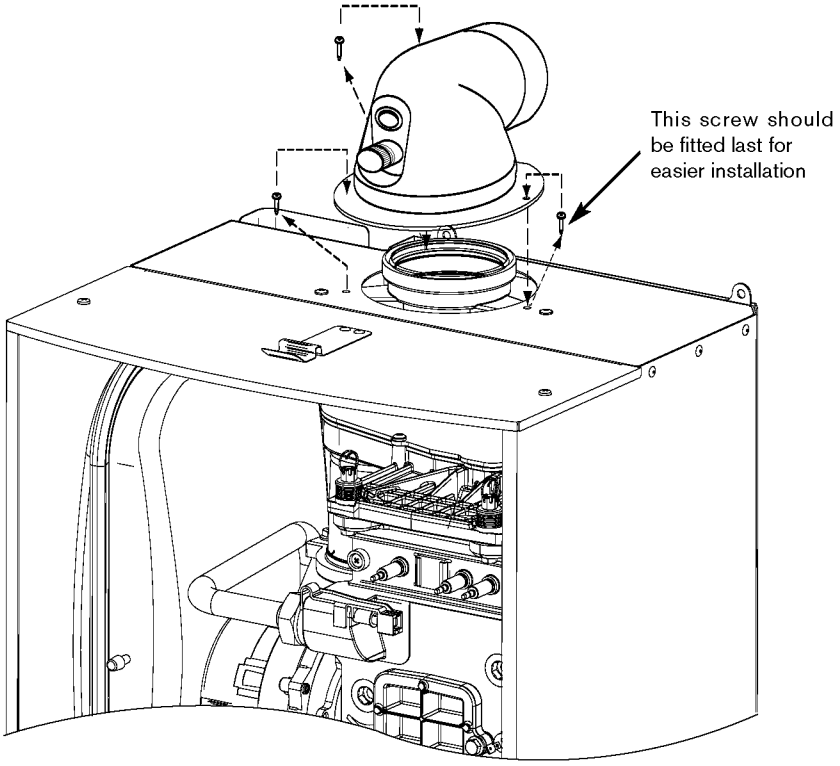
B - Internal Wall Seal

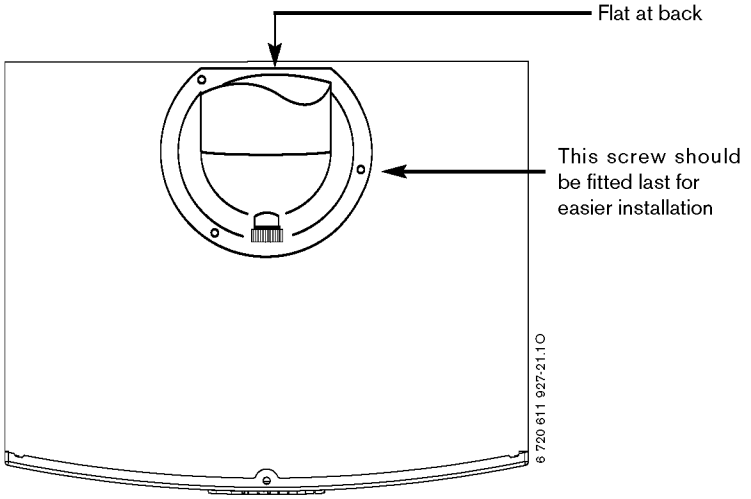
C - External Wall Seal

D - Clamp

E - Extension Duct




ASSEMBLING THE FLUE

1 Slide inner collar (B) onto terminal (A)

2 Additional extensions or bends:
Push fit all extensions/bends/terminal together and secure connections with clamps (D). The slope of the terminal outlet must face downwards.

FITTING THE FLUE

3 Fit the terminal (A) through the flue opening in the wall, exposing the plastic outlet section to the outside and fit the outer flue collar ( C ) over the notches to secure.

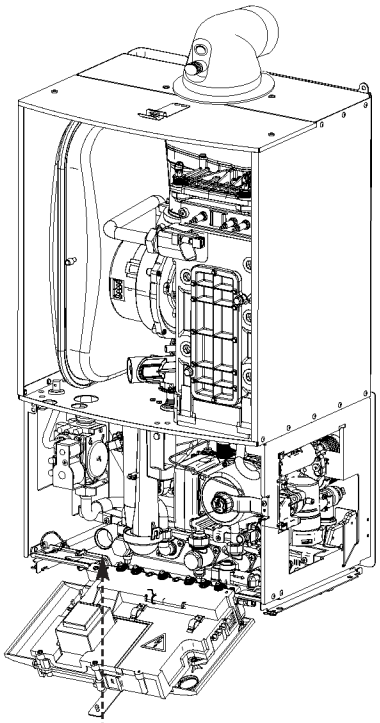
4 Assemble turret to boiler using the three screws (see below).
*Note: Screws are in boiler or in flue kit.*

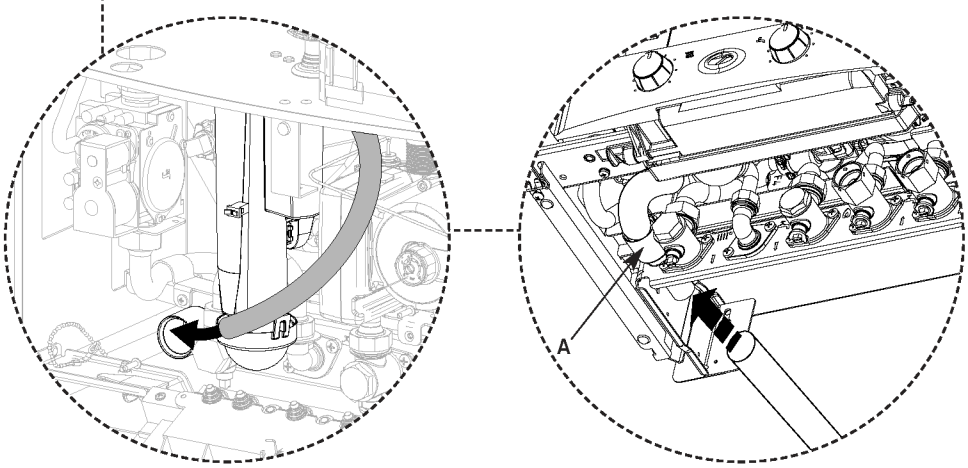
FITTING THE TURRET:

- Flue turret should push directly down and not be twisted into correct position.
- ▸ Fit turret onto appliance and retain with three screws.
NOTE: The clamping plate flat should be at the rear of the appliance.

ADDITIONAL NOTES AND REMINDERS:

- Ensure that all cut lengths are square and free from burrs.
- The flue, when assembled, is fully sealed and components are pushed home.
- The flue is set at an angle of 3° or 52 mm per additional 1m length of extension used.

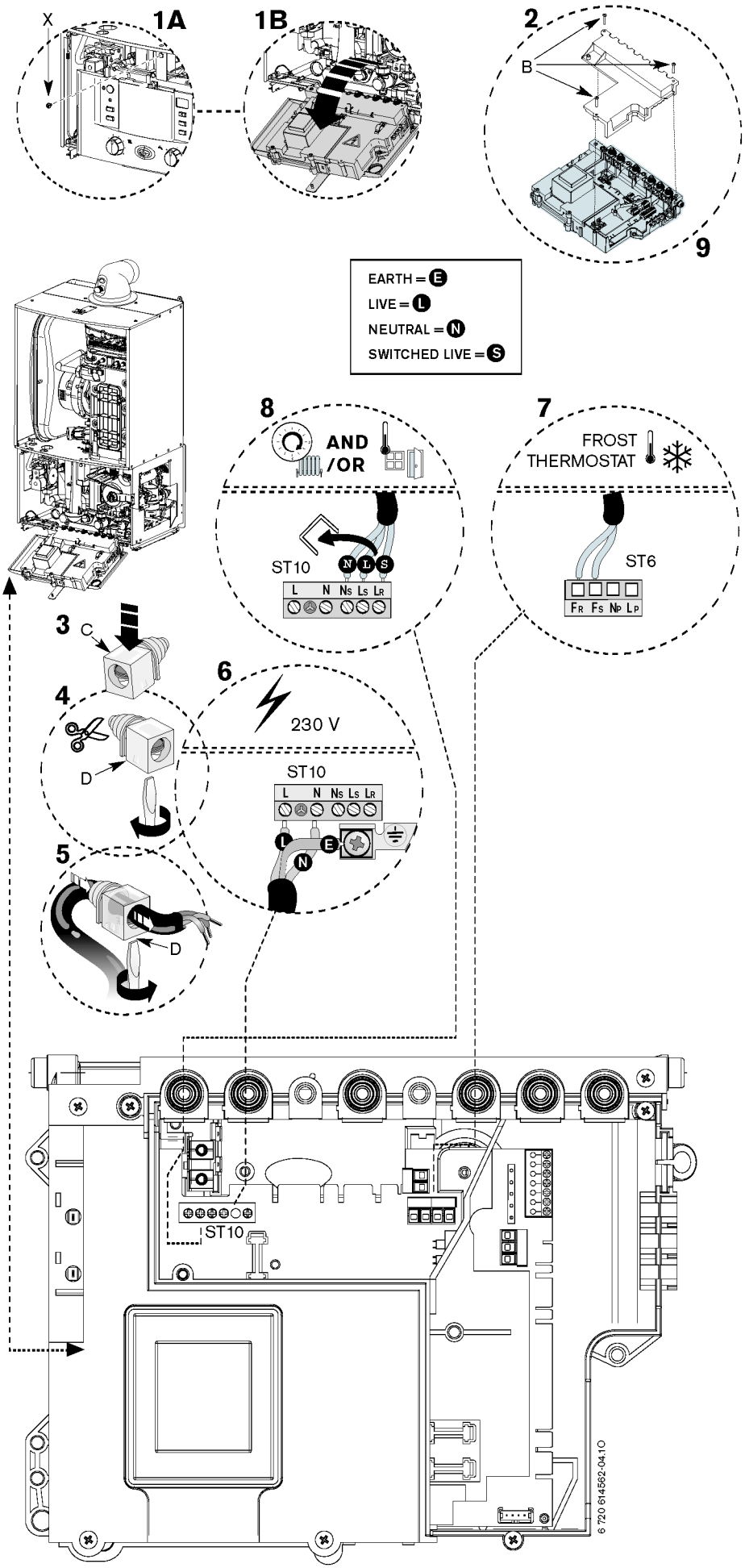





**Never terminate or discharge into any open source, including; sink, bath, shower, bidet, toilet etc.**

*Note: any external condensate pipework of excessive runs should be protected with weather resistant insulation to help prevent freezing.*

- Ensure that the condensate drain is 22 mm diameter plastic pipe. It must fall at least 50 mm per metre towards the outlet.
- An adapter (A) in 22 mm pipe is contained in the fitting pack.




**CAUTION: ISOLATE THE MAINS ELECTRICITY SUPPLY BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK AND OBSERVE ALL RELEVANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

**Danger of short circuit: When connecting the cables ensure that no cable pieces fall into the Heatronic.**

*Note: Mains supply to the boiler must be through a fused double pole isolator situated adjacent to the appliance. The isolator must have a contact separation of 3 mm minimum in all poles.*

Access to electrical connections:

- ► Remove boiler casing to access control panel.

1. Lower the control panel into the service position by removing the screw (X) from the retaining bracket.
2. Unscrew the three screws (B) on the back of the control panel and pull off the connections cover.
3. Unclip cable clamp (C).
4. Cut off the tapered cable entry to fit cable diameter required.
5. Turn cable retaining screw (D) anti-clockwise. Run cable over the main crossbar and through the cable clamp (C), ensuring there is ample cable to reach the connectors. Turn cable clamping screw (D) clockwise to secure cable and replace clamp (C) into control panel.

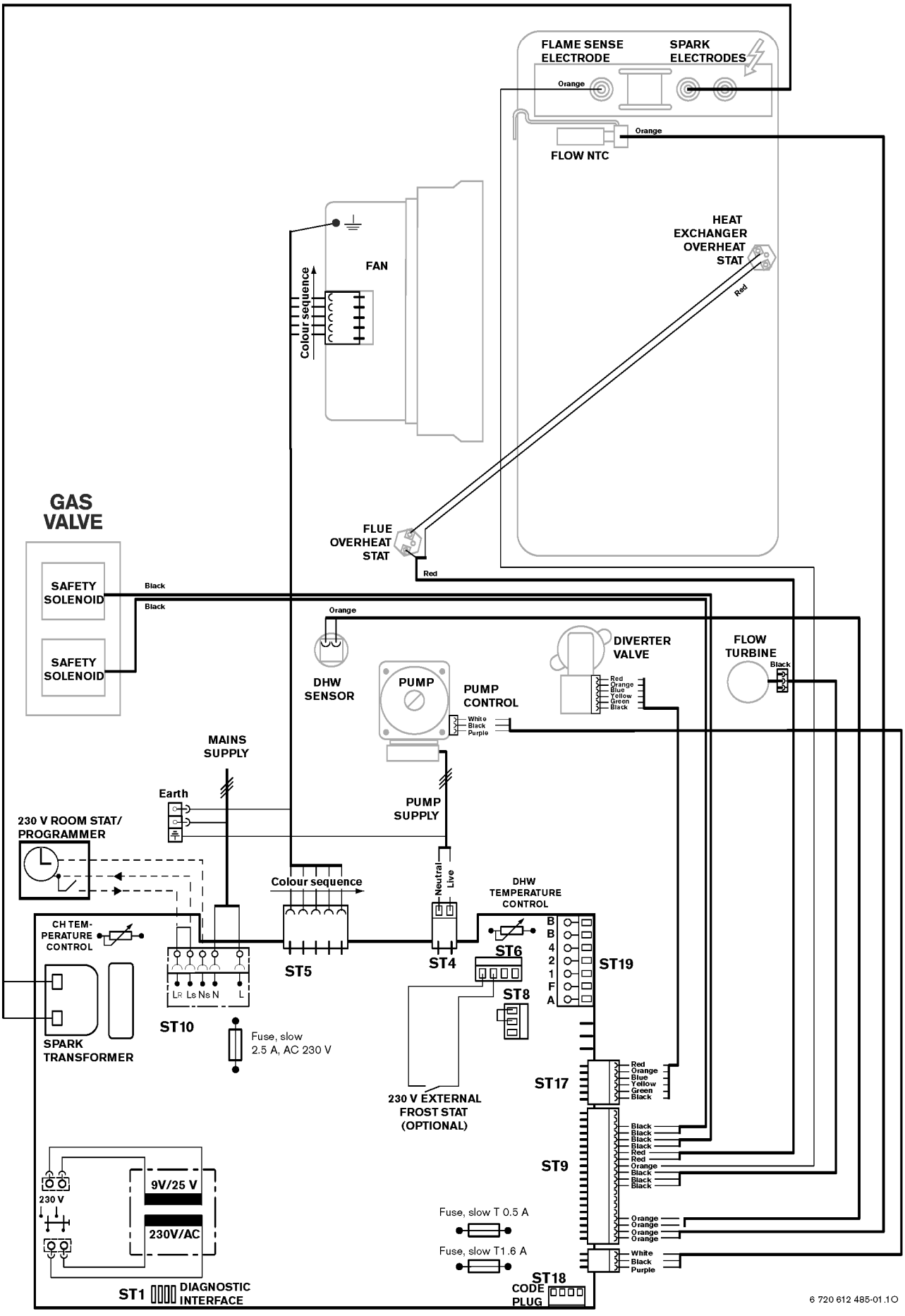
6. Mains power 230 V connection (ST10):
- ► Separate wires from cable end and strip to 6 mm
- ► Connect LIVE wire to terminal (L)
- ► Connect NEUTRAL wire to the terminal (N)
- ► Connect EARTH wire to the earth connector ( ⏚ )

  NOTE: Earth cable to be longer so that it pulls out last if mains cable is snagged.

7. Optional external frost thermostat connection (ST6):
- ► Connect frost thermostat supply wire to terminal (Fs)
- ► Connect frost thermostat return wire to terminal (FR)

8. 230V room thermostat and/or external timer (ST10):
- ► Remove link
- ► Connect room thermostat LIVE supply to terminal (Ls)
- ► Connect room thermostat LIVE return to terminal (LR)
- ► Connect room thermostat NEUTRAL to terminal (Ns)

9. Refit control panel cover:
- ► Refit panel and secure with screws (B).
- ► Bring the control panel to its upper position and fix it with screw (A).


FLAME SENSE ELECTRODE
SPARK ELECTRODES
Orange
Orange
FLOW NTC
FAN
Colour sequence
HEAT EXCHANGER OVERHEAT STAT
Red
GAS VALVE
SAFETY SOLENOID
SAFETY SOLENOID
Black
Black
FLUE OVERHEAT STAT
Red
Orange
DHW SENSOR
PUMP
PUMP CONTROL
White
Black
Purple
DIVERTER VALVE
Red
Orange
Blue
Yellow
Green
Black
FLOW TURBINE
Black
MAINS SUPPLY
Earth
230 V ROOM STAT/ PROGRAMMER
PUMP SUPPLY
Colour sequence
Neutral
Live
DHW TEMPERATURE CONTROL
CH TEM-PERATURE CONTROL
ST5
ST4
ST6
ST8
ST19
B
B
4
2
1
F
A
LR Ls Ns N L
ST10
SPARK TRANSFORMER
Fuse, slow 2.5 A, AC 230 V
230 V EXTERNAL FROST STAT (OPTIONAL)
ST17
Red
Orange
Blue
Yellow
Green
Black
ST9
Black
Black
Black
Black
Red
Red
Orange
Black
Black
Black
Orange
Orange
Orange
Orange
White
Black
Purple
Fuse, slow T 0.5 A
Fuse, slow T1.6 A
ST18
CODE PLUG
230 V
9V/25 V
230V/AC
ST1
DIAGNOSTIC INTERFACE
6 720 612 485-01.1O

## CHECKS

**CAUTION: ISOLATE THE MAINS SUPPLIES BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK AND OBSERVE ALL RELEVANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- **1.** Check that the service and water pipes are connected to the correct position on the manifold.

  A - CH flow (22mm),
  B - CH return (22mm),
  C - Gas inlet (22mm),
  D - DHW outlet (15mm)
  E - Mains water inlet (15mm),

- **2.** Check the gas type specified on the identification plate (F) matches that of the gas supply. Turn on the main gas supply, check the gas pipework, connections and rectify any leaks.
- **3.** Check that the pressure relief connector, located on the right hand side at the bottom of the wall frame, in its up position.
- **4.** Check that the condensate pipe has been connected to the adapter.

**IMPORTANT: If the boiler is not to be commissioned immediately then: after sucessfully completing all of the checks and any rectification work, close the gas and water valves, shut off the gas supply and electrically isolate the boiler.**